

Gateway for integration of Mitsubishi Electric air conditioners into KNX TP-1 (EIB) control systems

Compatible with Domestic, Mr. Slim and City Multi lines commercialized by Mitsubishi Electric

Application's Program Version: 1.1

USER MANUAL

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ORDER CODE	LEGACY ORDER CODE
INKNXMIT001I100	ME-AC-KNX-1i



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1. Presentation



INKNXMIT001I100 allows a complete and natural integration of MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC air conditioners with KNX control systems.

Compatible with all Domestic and Mr. Slim models commercialized by MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC.

Main features:

- Reduced dimensions, quick installation.
- Multiple objects for control and status (bit, byte, characters...) with KNX standard datapoint types.
- Status objects for every control available.
- Timeout for Open Window and Occupancy. Sleep function also available.
- Control of the AC unit based in the ambient temperature read by the own AC unit, or in the ambient temperature read by any KNX thermostat.
- AC unit can be controlled simultaneously by the IR remote control of the AC unit and by KNX.
- Total Control and Monitoring of the AC unit from KNX, including monitoring of AC unit's state of internal variables, running hours counter (for filter maintenance control), and error indication and error code.
- Up to 5 scenes can be saved and executed from KNX, fixing the desired combination of Operation Mode, Set Temperature, Fan Speed, Vane Position and Remote Controller Lock in any moment by using a simple switching.
- Four potential-free binary inputs provide the possibility to integrate many types of external devices. Also configurable from ETS, they can be used for switching, dimming, shutter/blind control, and more



2. Connection

The interface comes with a cable (1,9 meters long) for direct connection to the internal control board of the AC indoor unit.

• <u>Connection of the interface to the AC indoor unit:</u>

Disconnect mains power from the AC unit. Open the front cover of the indoor unit in order to have access to the internal control board. In the control board locate the socket connector marked as:

CN92in Mr. Slim models.orin rest of models.

Using the cable that comes with the interface, insert one of its connectors, the one installed in the shortest uncovered part, into the socket of the INKNXMIT001I100 marked as **AC Unit**, and the other connector, the one in the largest uncovered part, into the socket **CN92** or **CN105** of the AC unit's control board. Fix the INKNXMIT001I100 inside or outside the AC indoor unit depending on your needs, remember that INKNXMIT001I100 must be also connected to the KNX bus. Close the AC indoor unit's front cover again.

- ▲ *Important*: Do not modify the length of the cable supplied with the interface, it may affect to the correct operation of the interface
- <u>Connection of the interface to the KNX bus:</u>

Disconnect power of the KNX bus. Connect the interface to the KNX TP-1 (EIB) bus using the KNX standard connector (red/grey) of the interface, respect polarity. Reconnect power of the KNX bus.

• Connections diagram:



Figure 2.2 Connection diagram



3. Configuration and setup

This is a fully compatible KNX device which must be configured and setup using standard KNX tool ETS.

ETS database for this device can be downloaded from:

https://intesis.com/products/ac-interfaces/mitsubishi-electric-gateways/mitsubishi-electric-knxinputs-ac-me-ac-knx-1i

Please consult the README.txt file, located inside the downloaded zip file, to find instructions on how to install the database.

▲ **Important**: Do not forget to select the correct settings of AC indoor unit being connected to the INKNXMIT0011100. This is in "Parameters" of the device in ETS.



4. ETS Parameters

When imported to the ETS software for the first time, the gateway shows the following default parameter configuration:

Device: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface		
General	Download latest database entry for this	http://www.intesis.com
Mode Configuration Special Modes Configuration	product and its User Manual from:	
Fan Speed Configuration	Send READs for Control_ objects on bus	No
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	recovery (i di o nags musc be active)	
Temperature Configuration Scene Configuration	Scene to load on bus recovery / startup (needs to define vals for that scene)	(none)
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration Binary Input 1 Configuration	Disallow control from remote controller	No
Binary Input 2 Configuration	> Enable comm obj "Ctrl_ Remote Lock"	No
Binary Input 4 Configuration	Enable func "Control_ Lock Control Obj"	No
	Enable func "Operating Hours Counter"	No
	Enable object "Error Code [2byte]"	No
	Enable object "Error Text Code [14byte]" (4 ASCII-char Error Code)	Yes 🔹

Figure 4.1 Default parameter configuration

With this configuration it's possible to send On/Off (*Control_ On/Off*), change the AC Mode (*Control_ Mode*), the Fan Speed (*Control_ Fan Speed*) and also the Setpoint Temperature (*Control_ Setpoint Temperature*). The Status_ objects, for the mentioned Control_ objects, are also available to use if needed. Also objects *Status_ AC Return Temp* and *Status_ Error/Alarm* are shown.

■ 1.1.1 ME AC Interface
■之0: Control_ On/Off [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
■之 1: Control_ Mode [DPT_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry
■之 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Threshold: 75%
■之27: Control_ Setpoint Temperature [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - (°C)
■之 54: Status_ On/Off [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
■\$\$ 55: Status_ Mode [DPT_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry
■之63: Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 50% and 100%
■之 79: Status_ AC Setpoint Temp [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - (°C)
■之80: Status_ AC Return Temperature [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - (°C)
■之81: Status_ Error/Alarm [DPT_1.005 - 1bit] - 0-No alarm;1-Alarm
■之83: Status_ Error Text Code [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - 4 char ME Error;Empty-None

Figure 4.2 Default communication objects

4.1 General dialog



Inside this parameter's dialog it is possible to activate or change the parameters shown in the **Figure 4.1**.

The first field shows the URL where to download the database and the user manual for the product.

4.1.1 Send READs for Control_ objects on bus recovery

When this parameter is enabled, INKNXMIT001I100 will send READ telegrams for the group addresses associated on its *Control_* objects on bus recovery or application reset/start-up.

- If set to **"no"** the gateway will not perform any action.
- If set to **"yes**" all *Control*_ objects with both Transmit **(T)** and Update **(U)** flags enabled will send READs and their values will be updated with the response when received.

Send READs for Control_ objects on bus recovery (T and U flags must be active)	yes 🔹
> Delay before sending READs (sec)	30

Figure 4.3 Parameter detail

Delay before sending READs (sec):

With this parameter, a delay can be configured between 0 and 30 seconds for the READs sent by the *Control_* objects. This is to give time enough to other KNX devices on the bus to start-up before sending the READs.

4.1.2 Scene to load on bus recovery / startup

This parameter executes a selected scene on bus recovery or startup, only if the selected scene has an enabled preset or values previously saved from KNX bus (see Scene Configuration dialog).

If the gateway is disconnected from the indoor unit the scene will not be applied, even when connecting to the indoor unit again.

Scene to load on bus recovery / startup	scene 2 🔹
(needs to define vals for that scene)	

Figure 4.4 Parameter detail

4.1.3 Disallow control from remote controller

This parameter allows:

- 1- Having the remote controller always locked, or
- 2- Decide through a new communication object if the RC is locked or not.
- If set to "**yes**" all the actions performed through the remote controller will be disabled.
- If set to **"no**" the remote controller will work as usually. It also appears a new parameter and the communication object *Control_ Lock Remote Control*.





■2|33: Control_ Lock Remote Control [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Unlocked;1-Locked

Disallow control from remote controller	no 🔻
> Enable comm obj "Ctrl_ Remote Lock"	yes 🔹

Figure 4.5 Communication object and parameter detail

Enable comm obj "Ctrl Remote Lock":

If set to "**no**" the object will not be shown.

If set to "yes" the Control_ Lock Remote Control object will appear.

- When a "1" value is sent to this communication object, the remote controller is locked. To be unlocked a "0" value must be sent. The gateway remembers the last value received even if a KNX bus reset/failure happens.
- ▲ **Important:** If an initial scene is enabled and it has as Value for Remote Lock (unchanged) or unlocked, this would unlock the remote controller because the initial scene has priority over the Control_ Lock Remote Control communication object.

4.1.4 Enable func "Control_ Lock Control Obj"

This parameter shows/hide the *Control_ Lock Control Obj* communication object which, depending on the sent value, locks or unlocks ALL the *Control_* communication objects except itself.

■\$34: Control_Lock Control Objects [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Unlocked;1-Locked

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control_ Lock Control Objects* object will appear.
 - When a **"1**" value is sent to this communication object, all the *Control*_ objects will be locked. To unlock a **"0**" value must be sent, as the gateway remembers the last value received even if a KNX bus reset/failure happens.

4.1.5 Enable func "Operating Hours Counter"

This parameter shows/hides the *Status_ Operation Hour Counter* communication object which counts the number of operating hours for the INKNXMIT001I100.

■2 88: Status_ Operation Hour Counter [DPT_7.001 - 2byte] - Number of operating hours

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Status_ Operation Hour Counter* object will appear.
 - This object can be read and sends its status every time an hour is counted. The gateway keeps that count in memory and the status is sent also after a KNX bus reset/failure. Although this object is marked as a *Status* object it



also can be written to update the counter when needed. To reset the counter should be written a ``0'' value.

- ▲ **Important:** This object comes by default without the write **(W)** flag activated. If is necessary to write on it, this flag must be activated.
- ▲ **Important:** This object will also return its status, every time a value is written, only if it's different from the existing one.
- ▲ **Important:** If the stored value is 0 hours, the gateway will not send the status to KNX.

4.1.6 Enable object "Error Code [2byte]"

This parameter shows/hides the *Status_ Error Code* communication object which shows the indoor unit errors, if occurred, in numeric format.

■\$ 82: Status_ Error Code [2byte] - 0-No error /Any other see man.

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status_ Error Code [2byte]* object will appear.
 - This object can be read and also sends the indoor unit error, if occurred, in numeric format. If a "O" value is shown that means no error.

4.1.7 Enable object "Error Text Code [14byte]"

This parameter shows/hides the *Status_ Error Text Code* communication object which shows the indoor unit errors, if occurred, in text format.

■2 83: Status_ Error Text Code [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - 4 char ME Error;Empty-None

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Status_ Error Text Code* object will appear.
 - This object can be read and also sends the indoor unit error, if occurred, in text format. The errors shown have the same format as at the remote controller and at the error list from the indoor unit manufacturer. If the object's value is empty that means no error.

4.2 Mode Configuration dialog



Dev	ice: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface		
	General		<u></u>
	Mode Configuration	Indoor unit has FAN mode (see docum, for your indoor unit)	ves 🗸
	Special Modes Configuration	(see abcann for your mator and)	
	Fan Speed Configuration	Enable "Mode Cool/Heat" objects	No
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration	(for Control and Status)	
	Temperature Configuration	Enable PID-Compat. Scaling Mode objects	No
	Scene Configuration	(for Control)	
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuratior	Enable use of +/- object for Mode	No
	Binary Input 1 Configuration	chable use of 17 object of Mode	
	Binary Input 2 Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Mode objects	No
	Binary Input 3 Configuration	(for Control)	
	Binary Input 4 Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Mode objects	No
		(for Status)	
		Eachla use of Tout abject for Made	No
		Enable use of Text object for Mode	•
		Enable use of Legacy_ object for Mode	No
		(compatible with old vers of XXACKNX1)	

Figure 4.6 Default Mode Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the different mode properties and communication objects.

```
21: Control_ Mode [DPT_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry
```

The byte-type communication object for Mode works with the DTP_20.105. Auto mode will be enabled with a "**0**" value, Heat mode with a "**1**" value, Cool mode with a "**3**" value, Fan mode with a "**9**" value and Dry mode with a "**14**" value.

4.2.1 Indoor unit has FAN mode

This parameter has to be used to indicate if the indoor unit has the *fan mode* available.

- If set to "**no**", the indoor unit doesn't have the *fan mode* available.
- If set to **"yes"**, the infoor unit has the *fan mode* available.
- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if it has FAN mode available.

4.2.2 Enable use of Heat / Cool bit-type obj

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_* and *Status_ Mode Cool/Heat* communication objects.

■之2: Control_ Mode Cool/Heat [DPT_1.100 - 1bit] - 0-Cool;1-Heat ■之56: Status_ Mode Cool/Heat [DPT_1.100 - 1bit] - 0-Cool;1-Heat

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ and Status_ Mode Cool/Heat objects will appear.
 - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control* communication object, Heat mode will be enabled in the indoor unit, and the *Status* object will return this value.



 When a "O" value is sent to the *Control* communication object, Cool mode will be enabled in the indoor unit, and the *Status* object will return this value.

4.2.3 Enable PID-Compat. Scaling Mode Objects

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Mode Cool & On* and *Control_ Mode Heat & On* communication objects.

■之3: Control_ Mode Cool & On [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 0%-Off;0.1%-100%-On+Cool ■之4: Control_ Mode Heat & On [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 0%-Off;0.1%-100%-On+Heat

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control_ Mode Cool & On* and *Control_ Mode Heat & On* objects will appear.
 - These objects provide compatibility with those KNX thermostats that control the demand of heating or cooling by using scaling (percentage) objects. In these thermostats, the percentage demand is meant to be applied on a fluid valve of the heating / cooling system.
 - INKNXMIT001I100 device does not provide individual control on the internal parts of the indoor unit (as can be its compressor, refrigerant valves, etc). Rather, it provides the same level of control as a (user) remote controller.
 - Objects "Control_ Mode Cool & On" and "Control_ Mode Heat & On" intend to bring compatibility between thermostats oriented to the control of custom heating / cooling systems and ready-made AC indoor units, by applying the following logic:
 - Whenever a non-zero value (>0%) is received at "Control_ Mode Cool & On", indoor unit will switch On in COOL mode.
 - Whenever a non-zero value (>0%) is received at "Control_ Mode Heat & On", indoor unit will switch On in HEAT mode.
 - Lastest updated object will define the operating mode
 - Indoor unit will switch off only when both objects become zero (0%) or when an OFF is requested at object "0. On/Off [DPT_1.001 - 1bit]"
- ▲ **Important:** These objects function is only to send On/Off and Cool/Heat to the indoor unit. The PID (Inverter system) is calculated by the indoor unit itself. Please consider introducing an appropriate PID configuration to the external KNX thermostat to not interfere the indoor unit PID.

4.2.4 Enable use of + / - object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Mode* +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit mode by using two different datapoint types.

■↓10: Control_ Mode -/+ [DPT_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

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- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes**" the *Control_ Mode* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- object for Mode	yes 🔹
> DPT type for +/- Mode Object	0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]

Figure 4.7 Parameter detail

> DPT type for +/- Mode Object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]** for the *Control_ Mode* +/- object.

The sequence followed when using this object is shown below:

COOL 🧲	FAN TRY	\int
lln / Increase		

- Down / Decrease
- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if it has FAN mode available.
- 4.2.5 Enable use of bit-type Mode objects (for control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control_ Mode* objects.

Z 5: Control_ Mode Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set AUTO mode
Z 6: Control_ Mode Heat [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set HEAT mode
Z 7: Control_ Mode Cool [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set COOL mode
Z 8: Control_ Mode Fan [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set FAN mode
Z 9: Control_ Mode Dry [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set DRY mode

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Mode objects for Auto, Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry will appear. To activate a mode by using these objects a "1" value has to be sent.

4.2.6 Enable use of bit-type Mode objects (for status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status_ Mode* objects.



\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 57: Status_ Mode Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-AUTO mode is active
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 58: Status_ Mode Heat [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-HEAT mode is active
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 59: Status_ Mode Cool [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-COOL mode is active
\$\frac{1}{6}\$ 60: Status_ Mode Fan [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-FAN mode is active
\$\frac{1}{6}\$ 61: Status_ Mode Dry [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-DRY mode is active

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Status_ Mode* objects for Auto, Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry will appear. When enabled, a mode will return a **"1"** through its bit-type object.

4.2.7 Enable use of Text object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Status_ Mode Text* communication object.

■2 62: Status_ Mode Text [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - ASCII String

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status_ Mode Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters, will be shown five text fields, one for each mode, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status_ Mode Text when changing mode.

> String when mode is AUTO	AUTO
> String when mode is HEAT	HEAT
> String when mode is COOL	COOL
> String when mode is FAN	FAN
> String when mode is DRY	DRY

Figure 4.8 Parameter detail

4.2.8 Enable use of Legacy_ object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the Legacy_ Mode communication object

■2 98: Legacy_ Mode [Enumerated - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea,2-Dry,3-Fan;4-Coo

- If set to **"no"** the communication object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Legacy_ Mode communication object will appear. This object lets change the indoor unit mode but it uses a different data type. It is used to maintain compatibility with old gateway models.

4.3 Special Modes Configuration dialog



De	vice: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface		
	General	Franklaura of DOWER made	No
	Mode Configuration	Enable use of POWER mode	•
	Special Modes Configuration	Enable use of ECONOMY mode	No
	Fan Speed Configuration		
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Enable use of ADDITIONAL HEATING mode	No -
	Temperature Configuration		[
	Scene Configuration	Enable use of ADDITIONAL COOLING mode	No
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration		
	Binary Input 1 Configuration		
	Binary Input 2 Configuration		
	Binary Input 3 Configuration		
	Binary Input 4 Configuration		

Figure 4.9 Default Special Modes Configuration dialog

The Special Modes can be parameterized through the ETS parameters dialog, and they can be used to give extra functionality.

- ▲ **Important:** When executing any of the Special Modes the real state of the indoor unit will NOT be shown in KNX.
- ▲ **Important:** When the predefined time for the Special Mode is finished or a "**0**" value is sent to stop it, the previous state will be recovered.
- ▲ **Important:** If a value concerning On/Off, Mode, Fan Speed or Setpoint Temperature is received from KNX while any Special Mode is running ("1"), the Special Mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered. The value received will be also applied then.
- ▲ **Important:** If a value concerning On/Off, Mode, Fan Speed or Setpoint Temperature is modified through the remote controller, the Special Mode will stop WITHOUT recovering the previous state. Then the real indoor unit state will be shown in KNX including the new value received through the remote controller.

4.3.1 Enable use of POWER mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Power Mode* and *Status_ Power Mode* communication objects. The Power Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

■之35: Control_ Power Mode [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start ■之84: Status_ Power Mode [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- \circ If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control_ Power Mode* and *Status_ Power Mode* objects and new parameters will appear.

Enable use of POWER mode	yes 🔹
> Action time for this mode (minutes)	2
(o = permanent / unimited)	lame
 Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) - in Celsius 	2.0°C
> Fanspeed for this mode	SPEED 3 (if avail.)

Figure 4.10 Parameter detail



- When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object Power Mode will be enabled, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
- When a "**0**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, Power Mode will be disabled, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
- ▲ **Important:** This mode will ONLY work if the indoor unit is both turned on and in a Heat, Cool, Auto-Heat or Auto-Cool Mode.

> Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Power Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) – in Celsius:

Number of degrees Celsius that will increase in Heat Mode, or decrease in Cool Mode, while in Power Mode.

> Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Power Mode.

4.3.2 Enable use of ECONOMY mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Econo Mode* and *Status_ Econo Mode* communication objects. The Econo Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

■之 36: Control_ Econo Mode [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start ■之 85: Status_ Econo Mode [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control_ Econo Mode* and *Status_ Econo Mode* objects and new parameters will appear.
 - When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, EconoMode will be enabled, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
 - When a "O" value is sent to the *Control_* communication object, EconoMode will be disabled, and the *Status_* object will return this value.
 - ▲ **Important:** This mode will ONLY work if the indoor unit is both turned on and in a Heat, Cool, Auto-Heat or Auto-Cool Mode.
 - > Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of EconoMode, in minutes, once started.



> <u>Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) – in Celsius:</u>

Number of degrees Celsius that will increase in Heat Mode, or decrease in Cool Mode, while in EconoMode.

> Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in EconoMode.

4.3.3 Enable use of ADDITIONAL HEATING mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Start Additional Heat Mode* and *Status_ Additional Heat Mode* communication objects. The Additional Heating Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

■之37: Control_ Additional Heat [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start ■之86: Status_ Additional Heat [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the Control_ Start Additional Heat Mode and Status_ Additional Heat Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
 - When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, Additional Heating Mode will be enabled, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
 - When a **"O**" value is sent to the *Control* communication object, Additional Heating Mode will be disabled, and the *Status* object will return this value.
 - ▲ **Important:** This mode will ALWAYS turn on the indoor unit in Heat mode.
 - > <u>Action time for this mode (minutes):</u>

Duration of Additional Heating Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint temp for this mode (°C):

Setpoint temperature that will be applied while in Additional Heating Mode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Additional Heating Mode.

4.3.4 Enable use of ADDITIONAL COOLING mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Start Additional Cool Mode* and *Status_ Additional Cool Mode* communication objects. The Additional Heating Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.



■之38: Control_ Additional Cool [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start ■之87: Status_ Additional Cool [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the Control_ Start Additional Cool Mode and Status_ Additional Cool Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
 - When a **"1**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, Additional Cooling Mode will be enabled, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
 - When a **"O**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, Additional Cooling Mode will be disabled, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
 - ▲ **Important:** This mode will ALWAYS turn on the indoor unit in Cool mode.
 - > Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Additional Cooling Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint temp for this mode (°C):

Setpoint temperature that will be applied while in Additional Cooling Mode.

> Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Additional Cooling Mode.

4.4 Fan Speed Configuration dialog



Device: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface			
General Mode Configuration Special Modes Configuration	Fan is accessible in Indoor unit (see docum. for your indoor unit)	Yes	•
Fan Speed Configuration	Available fanspeeds in Indoor Unit	2	-
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	(see docum. for your indoor unit)		
Temperature Configuration	Indoor unit has AUTO fan speed	No	•
Scene Configuration	(see docum. for your indoor unit)		
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration Binary Input 1 Configuration	DPT object type for fanspeed	Scaling [DPT_5.001]	•
Binary Input 2 Configuration	Enable use of 1 (object for Ean Speed	No	-
Binary Input 3 Configuration	chable use of +/- object for Pan speed		•
Binary Input 4 Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Control)	No	•
	Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Status)	No	•
	Enable use of Text object for Fan Speed	No	•
	Enable use of Legacy_ object for Fan (compatible with old vers of XXACKNX1)	No	•

Figure 4.11 Default Fan Speed Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Fan Speed properties and communication objects.

4.4.1 Fan is accessible in Indoor unit

This parameter lets choose if the unit has Fan Speed control available or not.



Figure 4.12 Parameter detail

- If set to "no" all the parameters and communication objects for the Fan Speed will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** all the parameters and communication objects (if enabled in the parameters dialog) for the Fan Speed will be shown.
- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Fan Speed control is available.

4.4.2 Available fanspeeds in Indoor Unit

This parameter lets choose how many fan speeds are available in the indoor unit.

Available fanspeeds in Indoor Unit	2	-
(see docum, for your indoor unit)		

Figure 4.13 Parameter detail

▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many fan speeds are available.

4.4.3 Indoor unit has AUTO fan speed



This parameter lets choose if the indoor unit has Auto Fan Speed available or not.

Indoor unit has AUTO fan speed	Yes 🔹
(see docum. for your indoor unit)	

Figure 4.14 Parameter detail

- If set to **"no"** all the parameters and communication objects for the Auto Fan Speed will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** a new parameter will appear. Find more information on section 2.4.6 *Enable* "Fan Speed Manual/Auto" objects.

Enable "Fan Speed Manual/Auto" objects	No	
(for Control and Status)		

Figure 4.15 Parameter detail

- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Auto Fan Speed is available.
- 4.4.4 DPT object type for fanspeed

With this parameter is possible to change de DPT for the *Control_ Fan Speed* and *Status_ Fan Speed* byte-type communication objects. Datapoints Scaling (DPT_5.001) and Enumerated (DPT_5.010) can be selected.

- ▲ **Important:** The communication objects shown in this section may be different depending on the number of fan speeds available, although they all share the same communication object number.
- When **"Enumerated [DPT 5.010]"** is selected, *Control_ Fan Speed* and *Status_ Fan Speed* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

I1: Control_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed values: 1,2,3,4
 Katus_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed Values: 1,2,3,4

The first fan speed will be selected if a **"1**" is sent to the *Control*_ object. The second one will be selected sending a **"2**"; the third one (if available) will be selected sending a **"3**"; the fourth one (if available) will be selected sending a **"4**".

The *Status*_ object will always return the value for the fan speed selected.

- ▲ **Important:** If a "**0**" value is sent to the Control_ object, the minimum fan speed will be selected. If a value bigger than "**4**" is sent to the Control_ object, then the maximum fan speed will be selected.
- When **"Scaling [DPT 5.001]"** is selected, *Control_ Fan Speed* and *Status_ Fan Speed* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

■↓ 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds:38%, 63% and 88%

■263: Status_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%



The next table shows the range of values that can be sent through the *Control_* object and the value returned by the *Status_* object.

	Fan Speed 1	Fan Speed 2	Fan Speed 3	Fan Speed 4
Control_	0% - 74%	75% - 100%		
Status_	50%	100%		
Control_	0% - 49%	50% - 82%	83% - 100%	
Status_	33%	67%	100%	
Control_	0% - 37%	38% - 62%	63% - 87%	88% - 100%
Status_	25%	50%	75%	100%

- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many fan speeds are available.
- 4.4.5 Enable use of +/- object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Fan Speed* +/- communication object which lets increase/decrease the indoor unit fan speed by using two different datapoint types.

17: Control_ Fan Speed -/+ [DPT_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control_ Fan Speed* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- object for Fan Speed	Yes	•
> DPT type for +/- Fan Speed object	0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]	•
> Does +/- sequence include fan speed AUTO?	No	·
 Roll over Speed at upper/lower limit (when controlling with +/- obj) 	Yes	•

Figure 4.16 Parameter detail

DPT type for +/- Fan Speed Object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]** for the *Control_ Fan Speed* +/-object.



Does +/- sequence include fan speed AUTO?

This parameter lets choose if AUTO function is included (**"yes"**) or not (**"no"**) in the sequence when using *Control_ Fan Speed* +/- object as shown in the discontinuous segment at the picture below.

Roll-over Speed at upper/lower limit

This parameter lets choose if roll-over will be enabled (**"yes"**) or disabled (**"no"**) for the *Control_ Fan Speed* +/- object.



4.4.6 Enable "Fan Speed Manual/Auto" objects (for Control and Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type Control_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto objects.

■2|12: Control_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Manual;1-Auto
 ■2|64: Status_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Manual;1-Auto

- If set to "**no**" the *Control_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto* communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto communication objects will appear.

4.4.7 Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control_ Fan Speed* objects.

■ 2 13: Control_ Fan Speed 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 1 ■ 2 14: Control_ Fan Speed 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 2 ■ 2 15: Control_ Fan Speed 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 3 ■ 2 16: Control_ Fan Speed 4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 4

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Fan Speed objects for Speed 1, Speed 2, Speed 3 (if available), and Speed 4 (if available) will appear. To activate a Fan Speed by using these objects a "1" value has to be sent.



4.4.8 Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status_ Fan Speed* objects.

■2 65: Status_ Fan Speed 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 1
 ■2 66: Status_ Fan Speed 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 2
 ■2 67: Status_ Fan Speed 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 3
 ■2 68: Status_ Fan Speed 4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 4

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status_ Fan Speed objects for Speed 1, Speed 2, Speed 3 (if available), and Speed 4 (if available) will appear. When a Fan Speed is enabled, a "1" value is returned through its bit-type object.

4.4.9 Enable use of Text object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the *Status_ Fan Speed Text* communication object.

■2 69: Status_ Fan Speed Text [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - ASCII String

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status_ Fan Speed Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters, will be shown five text fields, one for each Fan Speed, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status_ Fan Speed Text when changing a fan speed.

 String when fan speed is AUTO (if available) 	AUTO
> String when fan speed is 1	SPEED 1
> String when fan speed is 2	SPEED 2
 > String when fan speed is 3 (if available) 	SPEED 3
> String when fan speed is 4 (if available)	SPEED 4



4.4.10 Enable use of Legacy_ object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the Legacy_ Fan Speed communication object

■2 99: Legacy_ Fan Speed [Enumerated - 1byte] - 0 - Auto; 1..4 - speed 1..4



- $\circ~$ If set to ``no" the communication object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication object will appear. This object lets change the indoor unit fan speed but it uses a different data type. It is used to maintain compatibility with old gateway models.

4.5 Vanes Up-Down Configuration dialog

vice: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface		
General Mode Configuration Special Modes Configuration	Indoor unit has U-D Vanes (see docum. for your indoor unit)	Yes •
Fan Speed Configuration Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Available positions in Indoor Unit (see docum. for your indoor unit)	5
Temperature Configuration Scene Configuration	Indoor unit has AUTO Vanes U-D (see docum. for your indoor unit)	No
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuratior Binary Input 1 Configuration	DPT object type for Vanes Up-Down	Enumerated [DPT_5.010]
Binary Input 2 Configuration Binary Input 3 Configuration	Enable use of +/- object for Vanes U-D	No
Binary Input 4 Configuration	Enable use of bit-type Vanes U-D objects (for Control)	No
	Enable use of bit-type Vanes U-D objects (for Status)	No
	Enable "Vanes U-D Swing" objects (for Control and Status)	No
	Enable use of Text object for Vanes U-D	No
	Enable use of Legacy_ object for Vanes (compatible with old vers of XXACKNX1)	No

Figure 4.18 Vanes Up-Down Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Vanes Up-Down properties and communication objects.

4.5.1 Indoor unit has U-D Vanes

This parameter lets choose if the unit has Up-Down Vanes available or not.



Figure 4.19 Parameter detail

- If set to **"no"** all the parameters and communication objects for the Up-Down Vanes will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** all the parameters and communication objects (if enabled in the parameters dialog) for the Up-Down Vanes will be shown.
- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Up-Down Vanes are available.
- 4.5.2 Available positions in Indoor Unit

This parameter lets choose how many vane positions are available in the indoor unit.



Available positions in Indoor Unit	5	-
(see docum, for your indoor unit)		

Figure 4.20 Parameter detail

▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many vane positions are available.

4.5.3 Indoor unit has AUTO Vanes U-D

This parameter lets choose if the indoor unit has Auto Vanes U-D available or not.

Indoor unit has AUTO Vanes U-D	Yes 🔹
(see docum. for your indoor unit)	

Figure 4.21 Parameter detail

- If set to "no" all the parameters and communication objects for the Auto Vanes U-D will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** a new parameter will appear. Find more information on section 2.5.8 *Enable* "*Vanes U-D Man/Auto"* objects (for Control and Status).

Enable "Vanes U-D Man/Auto" objects	No
(for Control and Status)	

Figure 4.22 Parameter detail

- ▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Auto Vane Position is available.
- 4.5.4 DPT object type for Vanes Up-Down

With this parameter is possible to change de DPT for the *Control_ Vanes U-D* and *Status_ Vanes U-D* byte-type communication objects. Datapoints Scaling (DPT_5.001) and Enumerated (DPT_5.010) can be selected.

- ▲ **Important:** The communication objects shown in this section may be different depending on the number of vanes position available, although they all share the same communication object number.
- When **"Enumerated [DPT 5.010]"** is selected, *Control_ Vanes U-D* and *Status_ Vanes U-D* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

■之18: Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Position values: 1,2,3,4,5 ■之70: Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Position values: 1,2,3,4,5

To choose a vanes position, values from "1" to "4" (or "5" when available) can be sent to the *Control_* object. Each value will correspond to the position (i.e. Value "3" = Position 3).



The Status_ object will always return the value for the vane position selected.

- ▲ **Important:** If a "**0**" value is sent to the Control_ object, the Position 1 will be selected. If a value bigger than "**4**" (or "**5**" when available) is sent to the Control_ object, then the higher Position will be selected.
- When **"Scaling [DPT 5.001]"** is selected, *Control_ Vane Up-Down* and *Status_ Vane Up-Down* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

■2 18: Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 Pos [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds:30%,50%,70% and 90%
 ■2 70: Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 20%, 40, 60%, 80% and 100%

The next table shows the range of values that can be sent through the *Control_* object and the value returned by the *Status_* object.

	Vanes Pos.1	Vanes Pos.2	Vanes Pos.3	Vanes Pos.4	Vanes Pos.5
Control_	0% - 37%	38% - 62%	63% - 87%	88% - 100%	
Status_	25%	50%	75%	100%	
Control_	0% - 29%	30% - 49%	50% - 69%	70% - 89%	90% - 100%
Status_	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%

▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many vane positions are available.

4.5.5 Enable use of +/- object for Vanes U-D

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Vane Up-Down* +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit vane position by using two different datapoint types.

■2 26: Control_ Vanes U-D -/+ [DPT_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

• If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.

• If set to "**yes**" the *Control_ Vanes U-D* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- object for Vanes U-D	Yes 🔻
> DPT type for +/- Vanes U-D object	0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]
> Does +/- sequence include AUTO vanes Up-Down?	No
> Does +/- sequence include SWING vanes Up-Down?	No
 Rollover Vanes at upper/lower limit (when controlling with +/- obj) 	Yes 🔹





DPT type for +/- Vane Up-Down obj

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]** for the *Control_ Vanes U-D* +/- object.

Does +/- sequence include AUTO vanes Up-Down?

This parameter lets choose if AUTO function is included (**"yes"**) or not (**"no"**) in the sequence when using *Control_ Vanes U-D* +/- object as shown in the discontinuous segment at the picture below.

Does +/- sequence include SWING vanes Up-Down?

This parameter lets choose if SWING function is included (**"yes"**) or not (**"no"**) in the sequence when using *Control_ Vanes U-D* +/- object as shown in the discontinuous segment at the picture below.

> Roll over Vanes at upper/lower limit

This parameter lets choose if roll-over will be enabled (**"yes"**) or disabled (**"no"**) for the *Control_ Vanes U-D* +/- object.



4.5.6 Enable use of bit-type Vane U-D objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control_ Vanes U-D* objects.

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control_ Vanes U-D* objects for each Position will appear. To activate a Vanes Position by using these objects, a **"1"** value has to be sent.



4.5.7 Enable use of bit-type Vane U-D objects (for Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status_ Vanes U-D* objects.

Z 72: Status_ Vanes U-D Pos 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 1
73: Status_ Vanes U-D Pos 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 2
74: Status_ Vanes U-D Pos 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 3
75: Status_ Vanes U-D Pos 4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 4
76: Status_ Vanes U-D Pos 5 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vanes in Position 5

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status_ Vanes U-D objects for each Position will appear. When a Vanes Position is enabled, a "1" value is returned through its bit-type object.

4.5.8 Enable "Vanes U-D Man/Auto" objects (for Control and Status)

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto* and *Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto* communication objects.

■之 19: Control_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Manual;1-Auto ■之 71: Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Manual;1-Auto

- If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto and Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto objects will appear.
 - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control* communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Auto mode, and the *Status* object will return this value.
 - When a **"0**" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Manual mode and the first position will be enabled. The *Status*_ object will return this value.
 - ▲ **Important:** When in Auto Mode the indoor unit will choose the most appropriate vane up-down position, but this will be shown neither in KNX nor in the remote controller.

4.5.9 Enable "Vanes U-D Swing" objects (for Control and Status)

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Vanes U-D Swing* and *Status_ Vanes U-D Swingo* communication objects.

■之 25: Control_ Vanes U-D Swing [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Swing ■之 77: Status_ Vanes U-D Swing [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-Swing

• If set to **"no"** the objects will not be shown.



- If set to "yes" the Control_ Vanes U-D Swing and Status_ Vanes U-D Swing objects will appear.
 - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control*_ communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Auto mode, and the *Status*_ object will return this value.
 - When a "O" value is sent to the *Control_* communication object, Vanes Up-Down will be in Manual mode and the first position will be enabled. The *Status_* object will return this value.

4.5.10 Enable use of Text object for Vane U-D

This parameter shows/hides the *Status_ Vanes U-D Text* communication object.

■2 78: Status_ Vanes U-D Text [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - ASCII String

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status_ Vanes U-D Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters will be shown seven text fields, five for the Vane Position and one for the Auto function and another one for the Swing function, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status_ Vanes U-D Text when changing a vane position.

> String when vanes U-D in AUTO	U-D AUTO
(in available)	
> String when vanes U-D in POS 1	U-D POS 1
> String when vanes U-D in POS 2	U-D POS 2
> String when vanes U-D in POS 3	U-D POS 3
> String when vanes U-D in POS 4	U-D POS 4
> String when vanes U-D in POS 5 (if available)	U-D POS 5
String when yange LLD in SWING	LL D SWING
> string when valies 0-D in Swilvo	0-D 2MINO

Figure 4.24 Parameter detail

4.5.11 Enable use of Legacy_ object for Vanes

This parameter shows/hides the Legacy_ Vanes communication object

■↓ 100: Legacy_ Vanes [Enumerated - 1byte] - 0-Auto; 1..5-pos1..5; 6-Swing

- If set to **"no"** the communication object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication object will appear. This object lets change the indoor unit vanes behavior but it uses a different data type. It is used to maintain compatibility with old gateway models.



4.6 Temperature Configuration dialog

De	vice: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface		
	General Mode Configuration Special Modes Configuration	Periodic sending of "Status_ AC Setp" (in seconds;0=No periodic sending)	0
	Fan Speed Configuration	Transmission of "Status_ AC Return Temp"	Only cyclically
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration		
	Temperature Configuration	> "Status_ AC Return Temp" periodic	180
	Scene Configuration	sending time (in sec)	
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration	Enable use of +/- obj for Setpoint Temp	No
	Binary Input 1 Configuration		
	Binary Input 2 Configuration	Enable limits on Control_ Setpoint obj	No
	Binary Input 3 Configuration Binary Input 4 Configuration	Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX (carefully read User Guide if enabled)	No
		(carefully read user Guide II enabled)	

Figure 4.25 Default Temperature Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Temperature properties and communication objects.

4.6.1 Periodic sending of "Status_ AC Setp"

This parameter lets change the interval of time (in seconds, from 0 to 255) at the end of which the AC setpoint temperature is sent to the KNX bus. For a "**0**" value, the AC setpoint temperature will ONLY be sent on change. The AC setpoint temperature is sent through the communication object *Status_ AC Setpoint Temp.*

[4] /9: Status AC Setpoint Temp [DPT 9.001 - 2byte] - (°	■ 2 79: Status	AC Setpoint	Temp (DPT	9.001 -	- 2byte] - (°C)
--	----------------	-------------	-----------	---------	----------------	---

Periodic sending of "Status_ AC Setp"	255	-
(in seconds; 0 = No periodic sending)		

Figure 4.26 Parameter detail

▲ **Important:** In case the ambient temperature is provided from KNX, the setpoint temperature returned from this object, will be the one resulting from the formula shown in the section "2.6.5 Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX".

4.6.2 Transmission of "Status_ AC Return Temp"

This parameter lets to you choose if the AC return temperature will be sent **"only cyclically"**, **"only on change"** or **"cyclically and on change"**. The AC return temperature is sent through the communication object *Status_ AC Return Temp.*

■2 80: Status_	AC Return	Temperature	[DPT]	9.001 -	2byte]	- (°C)
----------------	-----------	-------------	-------	---------	--------	--------

Transmission of "Status_ AC Return Temp"	Cyclically and on change	•
> "Status_ AC Return Temp" periodic sending time (in sec)	180	▲ ▼

Figure 4.27 Parameter detail

<u>"Status AC Return Temp" periodic sending time (in sec)</u>



This parameter will only be available for the **"only cyclically"** and **"cyclically and on change"** options, and let's you change the interval of time (in seconds, from 1 to 255) at the end of which the AC return temperature is sent to the KNX bus.

4.6.3 Enable use of +/- object for Setpoint Temp

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Setpoint Temp* +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit setpoint temperature by using two different datapoint types.

28: Control_ Setpoint Temp -/+ [DPT_1.007 - 1bit] - 0-Decrease;1-Increase

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "**yes**" the *Control_ Setpoint Temp* +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

Enable use of +/- obj for Setp Temp	yes 🗸	ļ
> DPT type for +/- Setp Temp object	0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]	

Figure 4.28 Parameter detail

> DPT type for +/- Setp Temp object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT_1.007]** for the *Control_ Setpoint Temp +/-*object.

(Lower limit) 19°C	20	°C ≓		₹	27ºC	-	28°C (Uppe	er limit)
		• U • D	p / Inc own /	rease Decrea	se			

4.6.4 Enable limits on Control_ Setpoint obj

This parameter enables to define temperature limits for the *Control_ Setpoint Temperature* object.

Enable limits on Control_ Setpoint obj	Yes 🔻
> Lower limit (°C)	19.0 °C 🔹
> Upper limit (°C)	28.0 °C 🔹

Figure 4.27 Parameter detail

- If set to **"no"** the setpoint temperature limits for the *Control_ Setpoint Temperature* object will be the default: 19°C for the lower limit and 28°C for the upper limit.
- If set to **"yes"** it is possible to define temperature limits for the *Control_ Setpoint Temperature* object.
 - Control Set Temp Lower limit (°C)

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This parameter lets to define the lower limit for the setpoint temperature.

Control Set Temp Upper limit (°C)

This parameter lets to define the upper limit for the setpoint temperature.

- ▲ **Important:** If a setpoint temperature above the upper defined limit (or below the lower defined limit) is sent through the Control_ Setpoint Temperature object, it will be ALWAYS applied the limit defined.
- ▲ **Important:** When limits are enabled, any setpoint temperature sent to the AC (even through scenes, special modes, etc.) will be limited.
- 4.6.5 Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Ambient Temperature* communication object which lets use an ambient temperature reference provided by a KNX device.

■29: Control_ Ambient Temperature [DPT_9.001 - 2byte] - (°C)

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to **"yes"** the *Control_ Ambient Temperature* object will appear. Meant to be enabled when you want the temperature provided by a KNX sensor to be the reference ambient temperature for the air conditioner. Then, the following formula applies for calculation of real *Control_ Setpoint Temperature* sent to the AC unit:

"AC Setp. Temp" = "AC Ret. Temp" - ("KNX Amb. Temp." - "KNX Setp. Temp")

- AC Setp. Temp: AC indoor unit setpoint temperature
- AC Ret. Temp: AC indoor unit return temperature
- KNX Amb. Temp.: Ambient temperature provided from KNX
- KNX Setp. Temp: Setpoint temperature provided from KNX

As an example, consider the following situation:

User wants: **19°C** ("KNX Setp. Temp.") User sensor (a KNX sensor) reads: **21°C** ("KNX Amb Temp.") Ambient temp. read by Mitsubishi system is: **24°C** ("AC Ret. Temp")

In this example, the final setpoint temperature that ME-AC-KNX-1 will send out to the indoor unit (shown in "Setp. Temp.") will become 24° C - (21° C - 19° C) = **22^{\circ}C**. This is the setpoint that will actually be requested to Mitsubishi Electric unit.

This formula will be applied as soon as the *Control_ Setpoint Temperature* and *Control_ Ambient Temperature* objects are written at least once from the KNX installation. After that, they are kept always consistent.



Note that this formula will always drive the AC indoor unit demand in the *right* direction, regardless of the operation mode (Heat, Cool or Auto).

4.7 Scene Configuration dialog

Devices 1.1.1. MEAC Interface

WICE, 1.1.1 WIL AC INTENACE			
General	Enable use of scenes	Yes	•
Mode Configuration			-
Special Modes Configuration	Scenes can be stored from KNX bus	No	•
Fan Speed Configuration			_
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	Enable use of bit objects	No	•
Temperature Configuration	for scene execution		
Scene Configuration	Scene 1 preset	No	•
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration			
Binary Input 1 Configuration	Scene 2 preset	No	•
Binary Input 2 Configuration			_
Binary Input 3 Configuration	Scene 3 preset	No	•
Binary Input 4 Configuration			_
,, ,	Scene 4 preset	No	•
	Scene 5 preset	No	•

Figure 4.28 Parameter detail

All the parameters in this section are related with the Scene properties and communication objects. A scene contains values of: On/Off, Mode, Fan speed, Vane position, Setpoint Temperature and Remote Controller Disablement.

4.7.1 Enable use of scenes

This parameter shows/hides the scene configuration parameters and communication objects.

■2 39: Control_ Execute Scene [DPT_18.001 - 1byte] - 0..4-Execute Scene 1-5

Enable use of scenes	yes 🔹

Figure 4.29 Parameter detail

- If set to "**no**" the scene parameters and communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the scene parameters and communication objects will be shown. To execute a scene through the byte-type object, a value from "0" to "4" has to be sent, correponding each one to a different scene (i.e. "0" = Scene 1;... "4" = Scene 5).

4.7.2 Scenes can be stored from KNX bus

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Save/Exec Scene* and all the *Control_ Store Scene* (if enabled) communication objects.



 I 39: Control_ Save/Exec Scene [DPT_18.001 - 1byte] - 0..4-Exec1-5;128..132-Save1-5

 I 40: Control_ Store Scene 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 1

 I 41: Control_ Store Scene 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 2

 I 42: Control_ Store Scene 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 3

 I 43: Control_ Store Scene 4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 3

 I 43: Control_ Store Scene 4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 4

 I 44: Control_ Store Scene 5 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene 5

- If set to **"no"** the communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication objects and a new parameter will appear. To store a scene through the byte-type object, a value from "128" to "132" has to be sent to the object, correponding each one to a different scene (i.e. "128" = Scene 1;... "132" = Scene 5).

Scenes can be stored from KNX bus	yes 🔹
> Enable use of bit objects for storing scenes (from bus)	yes 🔹

Figure 4.30 Parameter detail

> Enable use of bit objects for storing scenes (from bus)

If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.

If set to **"yes"** the *Control_ Store Scene* objects for storing scenes will appear. To store a scene by using these objects, a **"1"** value has to be sent to the scene's object we want to store (i.e. to store scene 4, a "1" has to be sent to the *Control_ Store Scene 4* object).

4.7.3 Enable use of bit objects for scene execution

This parameter shows/hides the Control_ Execute Scene bit-type communication objects.

45: Control_ Execute Scene 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 1
46: Control_ Execute Scene 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 2
47: Control_ Execute Scene 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 3
48: Control_ Execute Scene 4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 4
49: Control_ Execute Scene 5 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Execute Scene 5

Enable use of bit objects yes
for scene execution

Figure 4.31 Parameter detail

- If set to "**no**" the communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication objects will appear. To execute a scene by using these objects, a "1" value has to be sent to the scene's object we want to execute (i.e. to execute scene 4, a "1" has to be sent to the *Control_ Execute Scene 4* object).





4.7.4 Scene "x" preset

This parameter lets define a preset for a scene (the following description is valid for all the scenes).

Scene 1 preset	yes (scene will NOT be modifiable from KNX bus)	

Figure 4.32 Parameter detail

- \circ If set to ``**no**'' the preset for the scene ``x'' will be disabled.
- If set to **"yes"** the preset will be enabled. When a scene is executed the values configured in the preset will be aplied.
- ▲ **Important:** If a scene's preset is enabled, will not be possible to modify (store) the scene from the KNX bus.

> Scene 1 / Value for On-Off	ON •
> Scene 1 / Value for Mode	COOL
> Scene 1 / Value for Fan Speed (if available)	FAN SPEED 3 (if available)
> Scene 1 / Value for Vanes U-D (if available)	VANES U-D POS 5 (if available)
> Scene 1 / Value for Setpoint Temp	22.0 °C 🔹
> Scene 1 / Value for Remote Lock	(unchanged)

Figure 4.33 Parameter detail

Scene "x" / Value for On-Off

This parameter lets choose the power of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "ON", "OFF" or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Mode

This parameter lets choose the mode of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "AUTO", "HEAT", "COOL", "FAN (if available)", "DRY", or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Fan Speed (if available)

This parameter lets choose the fan speed of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "FAN SPEED AUTO (if available)", "FAN SPEED 1", "FAN SPEED 2", "FAN SPEED 3 (if available)", "FAN SPEED 4 (if available)", or "(unchanged)".



Scene "x" / Value for Vane U-D (if available)

This parameter lets choose the vane position of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "VANES U-D AUTO (if available)", "VANES U-D POS 1", "VANES U-D POS 2", "VANES U-D POS 3", "VANES U-D POS 4", "VANES U-D POS 5 (if available)", "VANES U-D SWING" or "(unchanged)".

Scene "x" / Value for Setp Temp (°C)

This parameter lets choose the setpoint temperature of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: from "**19°C**" to "**28°C**" (both included), or "**(unchanged)**".

Scene "x" / Value for Remote Lock

This parameter lets choose the remote controller status of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "locked", "unlocked", or "(unchanged)".

- ▲ **Important:** If any preset value is configured as "(unchanged)", the execution of this scene will not change current status of this feature in the AC unit.
- ▲ **Important:** When a scene is executed, Status_ Current Scene object shows the number of this scene. Any change in previous items does Status_ Current Scene show "**No Scene**". Only changes on items marked as "(unchanged)" will not disable current scene.

4.8 Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration dialog

De	vice: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface			
	General Mode Configuration	Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function	No	•
	Fan Speed Configuration	Enable use of Occupancy function	No	•
	Vanes Up-Down Configuration Temperature Configuration	Enable use of Sleep function	No	•
	Scene Configuration			
	Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration			
	Binary Input 1 Configuration			
	Binary Input 2 Configuration			
	Binary Input 3 Configuration			
	Binary Input 4 Configuration			

Figure 4.34 Default Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the timeout properties and communication objects.

4.8.1 Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Switch Off Timeout* communication object which lets Start/Stop a timeout to switch off the indoor unit.



■之 30: Control_ Switch Off Timeout [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
 ■之 30: Control_ Window Contact Status [DPT_1.009 - 1bit] - 0-Open;1-Closed

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Switch Off Timeout object and new parameters will appear.
 If a "1" value is sent to this object, and the indoor unit is already turned on, the switch-off timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the switch-off timeout will stop.

Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function	yes 🔹
> AC switch-off timeout (min)	2
> DPT for Window / Switch-off timeout	0-Open / 1-Closed Window [DPT_1.009]
> Reload last On/Off val once window is closed	no
 > Disallow On/Off operation while window is Open 	yes 🔹

Figure 4.35 Parameter detail

AC switch-off timeout (min)

This parameter lets select how much time (in minutes) to wait before switching off the indoor unit.

> DPT for Window / Switch-off timeout

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Open / 1-Closed Window [DPT_1.009]** and **0-Stop / 1-Start Timeout [DPT_1.010]** for the *Control_ Switch Off Timeout*.

> Disallow On/Off operation while window is Open

If set to "**no**", On/Off commands while the window is open will be accepted.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control_ Switch Off Timeout* object the switch-off timeout period will begin again.
- If a "O" value is sent to the *Control_ Switch Off Timeout* object, no action will be performed.

If set to **"yes"**, On/Off commands, while the window is open, will be saved (but not applied). These commands will be used in the next parameter if set to **"yes"**.

Reload last On/Off val once window is closed?

If set to "**no**", once the switch-off timeout is stopped, any value will be reloaded.

If set to $``{\it yes''},$ once the switch-off timeout is stopped, the last On/Off value sent will be reloaded.



- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control_ Switch Off Timeout* object after the timeout period, the indoor unit will **turn on**.
- If a "**0**" value is sent to the *Control_ Switch Off Timeout* after the timeout period, no action will be performed.

4.8.2 Enable use of Occupancy function

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Occupancy* communication object which lets apply different parameters to the indoor unit depending on the presence/no presence in the room.

■ 31: Control_ Occupancy [DPT_1.018 - 1bit] - 0-Not Occupied;1-Occupied

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Occupancy object and new parameters will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object (no room occupancy), the timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the timeout will stop.

Enable use of Occupancy function	yes 🗸
> Timeout to apply action (minutes)	2
> Action after timeout elapsed	Apply Preset Delta 🔹

Figure 4.36 Parameter detail

Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets choose how much time to wait (in minutes) before executing the action specified in the next parameter ("Action after timeout elapsed").

Action after timeout elapsed

When **Switch-Off** is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, the indoor unit will be turned off.

When **Apply Preset Delta** is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, a delta temperature will be applied in order to save energy (decreasing the setpoint when in Heat mode, or increasing the setpoint when in Cool mode). Also new parameters will appear.

> Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)	2.0°C •
> Enable secondary timeout	yes 🔹

Figure 4.37 Parameter detail

Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)

This parameter lets configure the delta temperature (increase or decrease) that will be applied when the timeout has elapsed.



- ▲ **Important:** When there is occupancy again after the application of a delta, the same delta will be applied inversely. (i.e. In a room with AC in cool mode and 25°C setpoint temperature, a +2°C delta is applied after the occupancy timeout, setting the setpoint at 27°C because there is no occupancy in the room. If the setpoint is raised to 29°C during that period, when the room is occupied again, a -2°C delta will be applied and the final setpoint temperature will then be 27°C).
 - Enable secondary timeout

If set to "**no**" nothing will be applied.

If set to **"yes"**, a new timeout will be enabled and two new parameters will appear.

> Timeout to apply action (min)	2	() (*)
> Action after timeout elapsed	Apply Preset Delta	•
> Temp delta dec (HEAT) / or inc (COOL) (°C)	2.0°C	•

Figure 4.38 Parameter detail

Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets choose how much time to wait (in minutes) before executing the action specified in the next parameter ("Action after timeout elapsed"). This time is considered as a part of the occupancy.

> Action after timeout elapsed

When **Switch-Off** is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, the indoor unit will turn off.

When **Apply Preset Delta** is selected, once the timeout configured is extinguished, a delta temperature will be applied (decreasing the setpoint when in Heat mode or increasing the setpoint when in Cool mode). Also new parameters will appear.

Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)

This parameter lets configure the delta temperature that will be applied when the timeout is extinguished.

- ▲ **Important:** When there is occupancy again after the application of a delta, the same delta will be applied inversely as explained above.
 - Disallow On/Off operation while not Occupied

If set to "no", On/Off commands while the window is open will be accepted.



If set to "**yes**", once **Switch-Off** action has been executed, On/Off commands will be saved (but not applied). These commands will be used in the next parameter if set to "**yes**".

> Reload last On/Off value	yes 🔹
 > Disallow On/Off operation while not Occupied 	yes 🔹

Figure 4.39 Parameter detail

Consider that the countdown time (transitional time between occupancy and nonoccupancy) is considered as a part of the occupancy status as explained before.

Reload last On/Off value when Occupied

If set to "**no**", once the switch-off timeout has elapsed, any value will be reloaded.

If set to ``yes'', once the switch-off timeout has elapsed, the last On/Off value will be reloaded.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control_ Occupancy* object after the timeout period, the indoor unit will **turn on**.
- If a "O" value is sent to the *Control_ Occupancy* after the timeout period no action will be performed.

4.8.3 Enable use of SLEEP timeout

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Sleep Timeout* communication object which lets start a timeout to automatically turn off the indoor unit.

```
■2 32: Control_ Sleep Timeout [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
```

- If set to **"no"** the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control_ Sleep Timeout object and a new parameter will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object the switch-off timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the switch-off timeout will stop.

Enable use of SLEEP timeout	yes 🔹
> Sleep function switch-off timeout (minutes)	1

Figure 4.40 Parameter detail

Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets select how much time (in minutes) to wait before switching off the AC unit.



4.9 Binary Input "x" Configuration dialog

Device: 1.1.1 ME AC Interface		
General Mode Configuration	Enable use of Input 1	Yes 🔻
Special Modes Configuration Fan Speed Configuration	> Contact type	NO: Normally Open 🗸
Vanes Up-Down Configuration	> Debounce time	50 ms 🔹
Temperature Configuration Scene Configuration	> Disabling function	DPT 1.002: 1-True (Disable); 0-False (Enable)
Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration	> Function	Switching 🗸
Binary Input 2 Configuration Binary Input 3 Configuration	> Send telegram after bus recovery	No action 🔹
Binary Input 4 Configuration	 Value on raising edge (contact activated) 	No action 🔹
	> Value on falling edge (contact deactivated)	No action 🔹
	> Cyclical sending	Never 🗸

Figure 4.41 Binary Input Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the binary inputs properties and communication objects.

4.9.1 Enable use of Input "x"

This parameter enables the use of the Input "x" and shows/hides the *Status_ Inx* communication object(s) which will act as configured in the "Function" parameter.

#2 90: Status_In1 - Switching [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
 #2 92: Status_In2 - Switching [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
 #2 94: Status_In3 - Switching [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
 #2 96: Status_In4 - Switching [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

- If set to "**no**" the objects will not be shown.
- $\circ~$ If set to "yes" the Status_ Inx object(s) and new parameters will appear.

4.9.2 Contact type

This parameter lets choose the behavior that will have the binary input depending on if the contact is normally open or normally closed.

• There are two possible options to configure the contact type: **"NO: Normally Open"** and **"NC: Normally Closed"**.

4.9.3 Debounce time



This parameter lets choose a debounce time (in milliseconds) that will be applied to the contact.

4.9.4 Disabling function

This parameter shows/hides the *Control_ Disable Input* x communication object which will let disable/enable the input x.

IDPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Enable;1-Disable
 IDPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Enable;1-Disable
 IDPT_1.003 - 1bit] - 0-Disable;1-Enable;

- If set to **"no"** any object will be shown.
- When **"DPT 1.003: 0-Disable; 1-Enable"** is selected, the input can be disabled using the value **"0"** and enabled using the value **"1"**.
- When **"DPT 1.002: 0-Enable; 1-Disable"** is selected, the input can be disabled using the value **"1"** and enabled using the value **"0"**.

4.9.5 Function

This parameter lets choose the function that will have the binary input. There are 7 different functions available: Switching, Dimming, Shutter/Blind, Value, Execute Scene (internal), Occupancy (internal) and Window Contact (internal).

• When **"Switching"** is selected the communication object and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

> Function	Switching
> Send telegram after bus recovery	No action 🔹
 Value on raising edge (contact activated) 	Toggle (On/Off)
> Value on falling edge (contact deactivated)	No action 🔹
> Cyclical sending	Never

■2 90: Status_ In1 - Switching [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On

Figure 4.42 Parameter detail

> <u>Send telegram after bus recovery</u>

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery, and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "Current status" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with its current status after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).



- When **"On"** is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a **"1"** value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When **"Off"** is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a **"O"** value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

> Sending delay after	10	
bus recovery (seconds)		

Figure 4.43 Parameter detail

Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

Value on rising edge

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a rising edge (contact activated).

- When "On" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value.
- When "Off" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O" value.
- When "Toggle (On/Off)" is selected, the binary input will send a "1" value after a "0" value and viceversa.
- When "**No action**" is selected, the binary input will not perform any action.

Value on falling edge

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a falling edge (contact deactivated).

- When "On" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value.
- When "Off" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O" value.
- When "Toggle (On/Off)" is selected, the binary input will send a "1" value after a "0" value and viceversa.
- When "No action" is selected, the binary input will not perform any action.

Cyclical sending

This parameter lets enable/disable cyclical sending when a determined condition is met.



- When **"When output value is On"** is selected, everytime a **"1"** value is sent, it will be sent cyclically. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When **"When output value is Off"** is selected, everytime a **"0"** value is sent, it will be sent cyclically. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When "**Always**" is selected, the binary input will send any value cyclically. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When "Never" is selected, cyclical sending will be disabled.
- > Period for cyclical sending (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a time (in seconds) for the cyclical sending.

> Period for cyclical sending	2	
(seconds)		

Figure 4.44 Parameter detail

 $\circ~$ When "Dimming" is selected the communication objects and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

■之92: Status_In2 - Dimming - On/Off [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On ■之93: Status_In2 - Dimming - Step(%) [DPT_3.007 - 4bit] - Dimming step

> Function	Dimming 🔹
> Send telegram after bus recovery	No action 🔹
> Mode for short (long) operation	Toggle: On/Off (increase/decrease)
> Increasing step	+ 100 %
> Decreasing step	- 100 %
> Short/long operation limit (x100ms)	10
 Cyclical sending period (x100ms) (0-No cyclical sending) 	0

Figure 4.45 Parameter detail

Send telegram after bus recovery

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery, and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "**On**" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "**1**" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When **"Off"** is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a **"O"** value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).



> Sending delay after	10	
bus recovery (seconds)		

Figure 4.46 Parameter detail

Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

> Mode for short (long) operation

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a rising edge (contact activated), for a short and a long operation.

- When "On (increase)" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value for a short operation, and an "increase step" for a long operation.
- When "Off (decrease)" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O" value for a short operation, and an "decrease step" for a long operation.
- When "Toggle: On/Off (increase/decrease)" is selected:
 - For the short operation the binary input will send a **"1**" value after a **"0**" value and viceversa.
 - For the long operation the binary input will send an **"increase step"** after a **"decrease step"** and viceversa.
- ▲ Important: Note that the first long operation in toggle depends on the last short operation, meaning that after a "1" value will be sent a "decrease step" and after a "0" value will be sent an "increase step".
- ▲ **Important:** The time period between a short and a long operation is defined in the parameter "Short/long operation limit (x100ms)".
- Increasing step

This parameter lets select the increasing step value (in %) that will be sent for a long operation.

Decreasing step

This parameter lets select the decreasing step value (in %) that will be sent for a long operation.

Short/long operation limit (x100ms)



This parameter lets introduce the time period difference for the short and the long operation.

> Cycl. send. period in long oper. (x100ms)

This parameter lets configure a time (in seconds) for the cyclical sending of a long operation.

• When **"Shutter/Blind"** is selected the communication objects and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

■之94: Status_In3 - Shut/Blind - Step [DPT_1.023 - 1bit] - 0-Step Up;1-Step Down ■之95: Status_In3 - Shut/Blind - Move [DPT_1.023 - 1bit] - 0-Move Up;1-Move Down

> Function	Shutter/Blind	•
 Send telegram after bus recovery 	No action	•
> Operation	Toggle (Up/Down)	•
> Method	Step-Move-Step	•
> Short/long operation limit (x100ms)	10	
> Vanes adjustment time (x100ms)	10	-

Figure 4.47 Parameter detail

> Send telegram after bus recovery

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "Move Up" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "O" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).
- When "Move Down" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with a "1" value after a bus recovery. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

> Sending delay after	10	
bus recovery (seconds)		

Figure 4.48 Parameter detail

Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

> <u>Operation</u>

This parameter lets select the value that the Binary Input "x'' will send on a rising edge (contact activated).

- When "Up" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "O".
- When "Down" is selected, the binary input will always send telegrams with a "1" value.
- When **"Toggle (Up/Down)"** is selected the binary input will send a **"0"** value after a **"1"** value and viceversa.

Method

This parameter lets select the working method for the shutter/blind.

• When "Step-Move-Step" is selected: On a rising edge (contact activated) a step/stop telegram will be sent and will begin a time called **T1**. If a falling edge occurs (contact deactivated) during the **T1**, no action will be performed.

If the rising edge is maintained longer than **T1**, a move telegram will be sent and will start a time called **T2**. If a falling edge occurs during the **T2**, a step/stop telegram will be sent. If a falling edge occurs after **T2** no action will be performed.

- When "Move-Step" is selected: On a rising edge a move telegram will be sent and will begin the T2 time. If a falling edge occurs during the T2, a step/stop telegram will be sent. If a falling edge occurs after T2 no action will be performed.
- ▲ **Important:** The **T1** time have to be defined in the "Short/long operation limit (x100ms)" parameter. Also the **T2** time have to be defined in the "Vanes adjustment time (x100ms)" parameter.
- Short/long operation limit (x100ms)

This parameter lets introduce the time period difference for the short and the long operation (T1 time).

Vanes adjustment time (x100ms)

This parameter lets introduce the time period for the vanes adjustment/blind movement (T2 time).

• When "Value" is selected the communication objects and new parameters for the Input "x" will appear as shown below.

■2 97: Status_ In4 - Value [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - 1-byte unsigned value



> Function	Value
 Send telegram after bus recovery 	Fixed value
 Sending delay after bus recovery (seconds) 	10
> DPT to be sent	DPT 5.010 (1byte)
 Value on raising edge (when contact activated) 	234

Figure 4.49 Parameter detail

> <u>Send telegram after bus recovery</u>

This parameter lets select if the Binary Input "x'' will send a telegram, or not, after a bus recovery and the type of telegram sent (if enabled).

- When "No action" is selected, no telegram will be sent after a bus recovery.
- When "Fixed value" is selected, the binary input will send a telegram with the same value configured in the "Value on rising edge" parameter. Also a new parameter will appear (see below).

> Sending delay after	10	
bus recovery (seconds)		

Figure 4.50 Parameter detail

> Sending delay after a bus recovery (seconds)

This parameter lets configure a delay (in seconds) that will be applied after a bus recovery and, after which, a telegram will be sent.

> DPT to be sent

This parameter lets select the DPT type for the value that will be defined in the next parameter. This value will be sent on a rising edge (contact activated).

> DPT to be sent DPT 12.001 (4byte)

Figure 4.51 Parameter detail

Value on rising edge (when contact activated)

This parameter lets define a value for the DTP type configured in the "DPT to be sent" parameter. This value will be sent on a rising edge (contact activated).

• When **"Execute Scene (internal)"** is selected, the binary input "x" will activate the "Scene 1", on a rising edge (contact activated).



> Function	Execute Scene 1 (internal)
------------	----------------------------

Figure 4.52 Parameter detail

> Scene 1 when contact is activated

The scene 1 will be activated on a rising edge. This scene MUST be defined in the "Scene Configuration" dialog as an internal preset.

• When **"Occupancy (internal)"** is selected, the binary input "x" will have the same behavior as configured in the parameter "Enable use of Occupancy function" inside the "Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration" dialog.

> Function	Occupancy (internal) 🔹

Figure 4.53 Parameter detail

• When **"Window Contact (internal)"** is selected, the binary input "x" will have the same behavior as configured in the parameter "Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function" inside the "Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration" dialog.

> Function	Window Contact (internal)	•
------------	---------------------------	---

Figure 4.54 Parameter detail



5. Specifications

Envelope	ABS (UL 94 HB). 2,5 mm thickness						
Dimensions	59 x 45 x 21 mm						
Weight	35g						
Colour	Light Grey						
Power supply	29V DC, 7mA						
Power suppry	Supplied through KNX bus.						
LED indicators	1 x KNX programming.						
Push buttons	1 x KNX programming.						
	4 x Potential-free binary inputs. Signal cable length: 5m uschielded, may be extended up to 20m with twisted.						
Binary inputs	Compliant with the following standards: IEC61000-4-2 : level 4 - 15kV (air discharge) - 8kV (contact discharge) MIL STD 883E-Method 3015-7 : class3B						
Configuration	Configuration with ETS.						
Operating Temperature	From -25°C to 60°C						
Storage Temperature	From -40°C to 85°C						
Isolation Voltage	4000∨						
RoHS conformity	Compliant with RoHS directive (2002/95/CE).						
Certifications	CE conformity to EMC directive (2004/108/EC) and Low-voltage directive (2006/95/EC) EN 61000-6-2; EN 61000-6-3; EN 60950-1; EN 50491-3; EN 50090-2-2; EN 50428; EN 60669-1; EN 60669-2-1						





6. AC Unit Types compatibility.

A list of Mitsubishi Electric indoor unit models compatible with INKNXMIT001I100 and their available features can be found in:

https://www.intesis.com/docs/compatibilities/inxxxmit001ix00_compatibility



7. Error Codes

Code	Description
-1	Communication error between the INKNXMIT0011100 gateway and the AC unit
0	No active error
0001	Communication error with the AC unit
1102	Discharge Temperature high
1108	Internal thermostat detector working (49C)
1110	Outdoor unit fail
1300	Pressure low
1302	Pressure high (High pressure probe working 63H)
1503	Protection against freeze or battery high temperature
1504	Protection against freeze or battery high temperature
1504	Over heating protection
1509	High pressure error (ball valve closed)
1520	Super heating anomaly due to low temp. of discharge. (TH4)
2500	Erroneous operation of drain pump
2502	Erroneous operation of drain pump
2503	Drain sensor anomaly (DS)
4030	Serial transmission error
4100	Compressor pause due to excess of current (initial block)
4101	Compressor pause due to excess of current (overload)
4102	Phase detection opened
4103	Anti-phase detection
4108	Phase opened in phase L2 or connector 51CM opened
4118	Error in the anti-phase detector (electronic board)
4124	Connector 49L opened
4210	Cut due to over-current of compressor
4220	Voltage anomaly
4230	Radiator panel temperature anomaly (TH8)
5101	Ambient temperature probe anomaly (TH1), indoor unit
5102	Liquid probe anomaly (1H2)
5103	Cond/Evap probe anomaly (1H5)
5104	Error detection in discharge temperature
5105	Outdoor probe error TH3
5106	Outdoor probe error I H/
5107	
5110	
5202	
5300	MIET durlingted address definition
6602	MNET Line transmission bardware error
6602	
6606	MNET Line transmission error
6607	MNET transmission error
6607	MNET without ack
6608	MNET transmission error
6608	
6831	IR remote control transmission error (recention error)
6832	IR remote control transmission error (transmission error)
6840	Transmission error with the indoor/outdoor unit (reception error)
6841	Transmission error with the indoor/outdoor unit (transmission error)
6844	Error in inter-connection cable in the indoor/outdoor unit, indoor unit number deactivated (5 min or
	more)
6845	Error in inter-connection cable in the indoor/outdoor unit (cabling error. disconnection)
6846	Initial timer deactivated

In case you detect an error code not listed, contact your nearest Mitsubishi Electric technical support service for more information on the error meaning.



Appendix A – Communication Objects Table

TOPIC	OBJECT	NAME		DATAPOINT TY	ГТҮРЕ		FLA	GS		FUNCTION
	NUMBER		LENGTH	DPT_NAME	DPT_ID	R	w	т	υ	
On/Off	0	Control_ On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001		w	т		0 - Off; 1-On
	1	Control_ Mode	1 byte	DPT_HVACContrMode	20.105		w	т		0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 3 - Cool; 9 - Fan; 14 - Dry
	2	Control_ Mode Cool/Heat	1 bit	DPT_Heat/Cool	1.100		w	т		0 - Cool; 1 - Heat;
	3	Control_ Mode Cool & On	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	Т		0% - Off; 0.1%-100% - On + Cool
	4	Control_ Mode Heat & On	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	Т		0% - Off; 0.1%-100% - On + Heat
	5	Control_ Mode Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Auto
Mode	6	Control_ Mode Heat	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Heat
	7	Control_ Mode Cool	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Cool
	8	Control_ Mode Fan	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Fan
	9	Control_ Mode Dry	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т		1 - Dry
	10	Control_ Mode +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007		w			0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	10	Control_ Mode +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008		w			0 - Up; 1 - Down
Fan Sneed	11	Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т		0%-74% - Speed 1; 75%-100% - Speed 2;
- un opeeu		Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		w	т		1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2;
	11	Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т		0%-49% - Speed 1; 50%-82% - Speed 2; 83%-100% - Speed 3;



Fan Speed		Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	w	т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3;
		Control_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	w	т	0%-37% - Speed 1; 38%-62% - Speed 2; 63%-87% - Speed 3; 88%-100% - Speed 4;
		Control_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	w	т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3; 4 - Speed 4;
	12	Control_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	0 - Manual; 1 - Auto
	13	Control_ Fan Speed 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 – Set Fan Speed 1
	14	Control_ Fan Speed 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 – Set Fan Speed 2
	15	Control_ Fan Speed 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 - Set Fan Speed 3
	16	Control_ Fan Speed 4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 - Set Fan Speed 4
	17	Control_ Fan Speed +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	w		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	17	Control_ Fan Speed +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	w		0 - Up; 1 - Down
		Control_ Vanes U-D / 4 pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	w	т	0%-37% - Pos1; 38%-62% - Pos2; 63%-87% Pos3; 88%-100% - Pos4;
	18	Control_ Vanes U-D / 4 pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	w	т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4;
Vanes		Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	w	т	0%-29% - Pos1; 30%-49% - Pos2; 50%-69% Pos3; 70%-89% - Pos4; 90%-100% - Pos5
op-bown		Control_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	w	т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4; 5 - Pos5
	19	Control_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	Т	0 – Manual; 1 - Auto
	20	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	Т	1 – Set Position 1
	21	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 – Set Position 2



		1						
	22	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 – Set Position 3
	23	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 – Set Position 4
	24	Control_ Vanes U-D Pos5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	1 – Set Position 5
-	25	Control_ Vanes U-D Swing	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	0 – Off; 1 – Swing
-	26	Control_ Vanes U-D +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	w		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	26	Control_ Vanes U-D +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	w		0 - Up; 1 - Down
	27	Control_ Setpoint Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	w	т	(°C)
	20	Control_ Setpoint Temp +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	w		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
Temperature	20	Control_Setpoint Temp +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	w		0 - Up; 1 - Down
2	29	Control_ Ambient Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	w	т	(°C)
	20	Control_ Window Contact Status	1 bit	DPT_OpenClose	1.009	w	т	0 - Open; 1 - Closed
Timesut	30	Control_ Switch Off Timeout	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Timeout	31	Control_ Occupancy	1 bit	DPT_Occupancy	1.018	w	т	0 - Not Occupied; 1 - Occupied
	32	Control_ Sleep Timeout	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Locking	33	Control_ Lock Remote Control	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	0 - Unlocked; 1 - Locked
LOCKING	34	Control_ Lock Control Objects	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	w	т	0 - Unlocked; 1 - Locked
	35	Control_ Power Mode	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Creasial Madaa	36	Control_ Econo Mode	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Special modes	37	Control_ Additional Heat	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
-	38	Control_ Additional Cool	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	w	т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Scenes	39	Control_ Save/Exec Scene	1 byte	DPT_SceneControl	18.001	w	т	0 to 4 - Exec. Scene 1 to 5; 128 to 132 - Save Scene 1 to 5



	40	Control_ Store Scene1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Store Scene
	41	Control_ Store Scene2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w		1 - Store Scene
	42	Control_ Store Scene3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Store Scene
	43	Control_ Store Scene4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w		1 - Store Scene
	44	Control_ Store Scene5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w		1 - Store Scene
	45	Control_ Execute Scene1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	1 - Execute Scene
	46	Control_ Execute Scene2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	1 - Execute Scene
	47	Control_ Execute Scene3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	1 - Execute Scene
	48	Control_ Execute Scene4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	1 - Execute Scene
	49	Control_ Execute Scene5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	1 - Execute Scene
	50	Control_ Disable Input 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	0 - Enable; 1 - Disable
	50	Control_ Disable Input 1	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		w	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
	E 1	Control_ Disable Input 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	0 - Enable; 1 - Disable
Disabling	51	Control_ Disable Input 2	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		W	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
Disability	52	Control_ Disable Input 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	0 - Enable; 1 - Disable
	52	Control_ Disable Input 3	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		w	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
	53	Control_ Disable Input 4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		w	т	0 - Enable; 1 - Disable
	55	Control_ Disable Input 4	1 bit	DPT_Enable	1.003		w	т	0 - Disable; 1 - Enable
On/Off	54	Status_ On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		т	0 - Off; 1-On
	55	Status_ Mode	1 byte	DPT_HVACContrMode	20.105	R		т	0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 3 - Cool; 9 - Fan; 14 - Dry
Mode	56	Status_ Mode Cool/Heat	1 bit	DPT_Heat/Cool	1.100	R		т	0 - Cool; 1 - Heat
	57	Status_ Mode Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Auto



	58	Status_ Mode Heat	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Heat
	59	Status_ Mode Cool	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Cool
	60	Status_ Mode Fan	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Fan
	61	Status_ Mode Dry	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Dry
	62	Status_ Mode Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		т	ASCII String
		Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т	50%- Speed 1; 100% - Speed 2;
		Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		w	т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2;
	63	Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т	33% - Speed 1; 67% - Speed 2; 100% - Speed 3;
		Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		w	т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3;
		Status_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		w	т	25% - Speed 1; 50% - Speed 2; 75% - Speed 3; 100% - Speed 4;
Fan Speed		Status_ Fan Speed / 4 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		w	т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3; 4 - Speed 4;
	64	Status_ Fan Speed Manual/Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	0 – Manual; 1 - Auto
	65	Status_ Fan Speed 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 – Fan is in speed 1
	66	Status_ Fan Speed 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 – Fan is in speed 2
	67	Status_ Fan Speed 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Fan is in Speed 3
	68	Status_ Fan Speed 4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		т	1 - Fan is in Speed 4
	69	Status_ Fan Speed Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		т	ASCII String
Vanes Up-Down	70	Status_ Vanes U-D / 4 pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		т	25% - Pos1; 50% - Pos2; 75% - Pos3; 100% - Pos4;



	_	_					
	Status_ Vanes U-D / 4 pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	R	т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4;
	Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R	т	20% - Pos1; 40% - Pos2; 60% - Pos3; 80% - Pos4; 100% - Pos5
	Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	R	т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4; 5 - Pos5
71	Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	т	0 – Manual; 1 - Auto
72	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	т	1 - Position 1
73	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	т	1 - Position 2
74	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	т	1 - Position 3
75	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	т	1 - Position 4
76	Status_ Vanes U-D Pos5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	1 - Position 5
77	Status_ Vanes U-D Swing	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	0 – Off; 1 – Swing
78	Status_ Vanes U-D Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R	Т	ASCII String
79	Status_ AC Setpoint Temp	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R	Т	(°C)
80	Status_ AC Return Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R	Т	(°C)
81	Status_ Error/Alarm	1 bit	DTP_Alarm	1.005	R	т	0 - No Alarm; 1 - Alarm
82	Status_ Error Code	2 byte	Enumerated		R	Т	0 - No Error; Any other see user's manual
83	Status_ Error Text code	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R	т	4 char ME Error; Empty - none
84	Status_ Power Mode	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	т	0 - Off; 1-On
85	Status_ Econo Mode	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
86	Status_ Additional Heat	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
87	Status_ Additional Cool	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
	71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 81 82 83 84 85 83 84 85 86 87	Status_Vanes U-D / 4 posStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 posStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos71Status_Vanes U-D Man/Auto72Status_Vanes U-D Pos173Status_Vanes U-D Pos274Status_Vanes U-D Pos375Status_Vanes U-D Pos476Status_Vanes U-D Pos577Status_Vanes U-D Sxing78Status_Vanes U-D Sxing79Status_Vanes U-D Sxing78Status_Vanes U-D Text79Status_AC Setpoint Temp80Status_Error/Alarm81Status_Error Code83Status_Power Mode84Status_Power Mode85Status_Additional Heat87Status_Additional Cool	Status_Vanes U-D / 4 pos1 byteStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byte71Status_Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bit72Status_Vanes U-D Pos11 bit73Status_Vanes U-D Pos21 bit74Status_Vanes U-D Pos31 bit75Status_Vanes U-D Pos41 bit76Status_Vanes U-D Pos51 bit77Status_Vanes U-D Pos51 bit78Status_Vanes U-D Text14 byte79Status_AC Setpoint Temp2 byte80Status_Error/Alarm1 bit82Status_Error Code2 byte83Status_Power Mode1 bit84Status_Power Mode1 bit85Status_Econo Mode1 bit86Status_Additional Heat1 bit87Status_Additional Cool1 bit	Status_ Vanes U-D / 4 pos1 byteDPT_EnumeratedStatus_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_ScalingStatus_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated71Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bitDPT_Bool72Status_ Vanes U-D Pos11 bitDPT_Bool73Status_ Vanes U-D Pos21 bitDPT_Bool74Status_ Vanes U-D Pos31 bitDPT_Bool75Status_ Vanes U-D Pos31 bitDPT_Bool76Status_ Vanes U-D Pos41 bitDPT_Bool77Status_ Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool76Status_ Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool77Status_ Vanes U-D Pos414 byteDPT_Bool78Status_ Vanes U-D Text14 byteDPT_String_8859_179Status_ AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp80Status_ AC Return Temperature2 byteDPT_Value_Temp81Status_ Error Code2 byteDPT_String_8859_183Status_ Error Text code14 byteDPT_String_8859_184Status_ Power Mode1 bitDPT_Switch85Status_ Econo Mode1 bitDPT_Switch86Status_ Additional Heat1 bitDPT_Switch87Status_ Additional Cool1 bitDPT_Switch	Status_ Vanes U-D / 4 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated5.010Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Scaling5.001Status_ Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated5.010Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bitDPT_Bool1.00272Status_ Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bitDPT_Bool1.00273Status_ Vanes U-D Pos11 bitDPT_Bool1.00274Status_ Vanes U-D Pos21 bitDPT_Bool1.00275Status_ Vanes U-D Pos31 bitDPT_Bool1.00276Status_ Vanes U-D Pos41 bitDPT_Bool1.00277Status_ Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool1.00277Status_ Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool1.00277Status_ Vanes U-D Pos41 bitDPT_Bool1.00278Status_ Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool1.00279Status_ Vanes U-D Text14 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.00179Status_ AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.00180Status_ Error/Alarm1 bitDTP_Alarm1.00581Status_ Error Code2 byteEnumerate1.60183Status_ Error Mode1 bitDPT_Switch1.00184Status_ Power Mode1 bitDPT_Switch1.00185Status_ Econo Mode1 bitDPT_Switch1.00186Status_ Additional Heat1 bitDPT_Switch1.00187St	Status_Vanes U-D / 4 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated5.010RStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Scaling5.001RStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated5.010RStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Pos11 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Pos21 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Pos31 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Pos31 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Pos41 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool1.002RStatus_AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RStatus_AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RStatus_AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RStatus_AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RStatus_AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RStatus_Error/Alarm1 bitDTP_Alarm1.001<	Status_Vanes U-D / 4 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated5.010RJStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Scaling5.001RJTStatus_Vanes U-D / 5 pos1 byteDPT_Enumerated5.010RJTStatus_Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT72Status_Vanes U-D Man/Auto1 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT73Status_Vanes U-D Pos11 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT74Status_Vanes U-D Pos21 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT75Status_Vanes U-D Pos31 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT76Status_Vanes U-D Pos41 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT77Status_Vanes U-D Pos51 bitDPT_Bool1.002RJT78Status_Vanes U-D Text14 byteDPT_String_8859_11.001RJT79Status_AC Setpoint Temp2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RJT80Status_AC Return Temperature2 byteDPT_Value_Temp9.001RJT81Status_Error/Alarm1 bitDTP_Alarm1.001RJT83Status_Error Text code14 byteDPT_Switch1.001RJT84Status_Power Mode1 bitDPT_Switch1.001RJT85Sta



Counter	88	Status_ Operation Hour Counter	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	7.001	R	т	Number of operating hours
Scene	89	Status_ Current Scene	1 byte	DPT_SceneNumber	17.001	R	т	0 to 4 - Scene 1 to 5; 63 - No Scene
	90	Status_ Inx - Switching	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	т	0 - Off; 1-On
	92	Status_ Inx – Dimming - On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	т	0 - Off; 1 - On
	94 96	Status_ Inx – Shut/Blind - Step	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	R	т	0 – Step Up; 1 – Step Down
		Status_ Inx - Value	1 byte	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	5.010	R	Т	1 byte unsigned value
		Status_ Inx – Value	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	7.001	R	т	2 byte unsigned value
Binary Inputs		Status_ Inx – Value	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Count	8.001	R	т	2 byte signed value
binary inputs	91	Status_ Inx - Value	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R	т	Temperature (°C)
	93	Status_ Inx - Value	4 byte	DPT_Value_4_Ucount	12.001	R	т	4 byte unsigned value
	95 97	Status_ Inx - Dimming - Step(%)	1 bit	DPT_Control_Dimm.	3.007	R	т	Dimming step
		Status_ Inx - Shut/Blind -Move	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	R	т	0 – Move Up; 1 – Move Down
	98	Legacy_ Mode	1 byte	Enumerated		R	т	0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 2 - Dry; 3 - Fan; 4 - Cool
Legacy	99	Legacy_ Fan Speed	1 byte	Enumerated		R	т	0 - Auto; 14 - Speed 14
	100	Legacy_ Vane Up-Down	1 byte	Enumerated		R	т	0 - Auto; 15 - Pos 15; 6 - Swing

