

MAXinBOX 16 Plus

MAXinBOX 8 Plus

Multifunction Actuator with 16 / 8 Outputs

ZIO-MB8P
ZIO-MB16P

Application programme version MAXinBOX 16 Plus: [1.3]

Application programme version MAXinBOX 8 Plus: [1.2]

User manual edition: [1.3]_a

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DOCUMENT UPDATES

Version	Changes	Page(s)
[1.3]_a	Changes in the application program of MAXinBOX 16 Plus: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Optimisation of the Shutter Control module.	-
[1.2]_b	Minor text revision.	-
[1.2]_a	Changes in the application program: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Optimisation of the start-up process.	-
[1.1]_a	Changes in the application program: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Update of the 'Relays' Fan Coil module to version 0.2.	-

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 MAXinBOX 16 PLUS / MAXinBOX 8 PLUS

MAXinBOX 16 Plus and MAXinBOX 8 Plus from Zennio are two versatile KNX actuators featuring a wide variety of functions, being both of them entirely equivalent except for the number of relay outputs they offer (sixteen in MAXinBOX 16 Plus and eight in MAXinBOX 8 Plus):

- **8 or 16 relay outputs**, configurable as:
 - Up to **16** (in MAXinBOX 16 Plus) or **8** (in MAXinBOX 8 Plus) individual **ON/OFF outputs**,
 - Up to **8** (in MAXinBOX 16 Plus) or **4** (in MAXinBOX 8 Plus) independent **shutter channels** (with or without slats),
 - Up to **4** (in MAXinBOX 16 Plus) or **2** (in MAXinBOX 8 Plus) **two-pipe fan coil modules** where both the fan speed control and the valve control are performed through relays,
 - A combination of the above.
- **20 customisable, multi-operation logic functions.**
- **Scene-triggered action control**, with an optional delay in the execution.
- **Manual operation / supervision** of the 16 / 8 relay outputs through the on-board pushbuttons and LEDs.

1.2 INSTALLATION

MAXinBOX 16 / 8 Plus connects to the KNX bus through the on-board KNX connector.

Once the device is provided with power from the KNX bus, both the individual address and the associated application programme may be downloaded.

This device does not need any additional external power since it is entirely powered through the KNX bus.

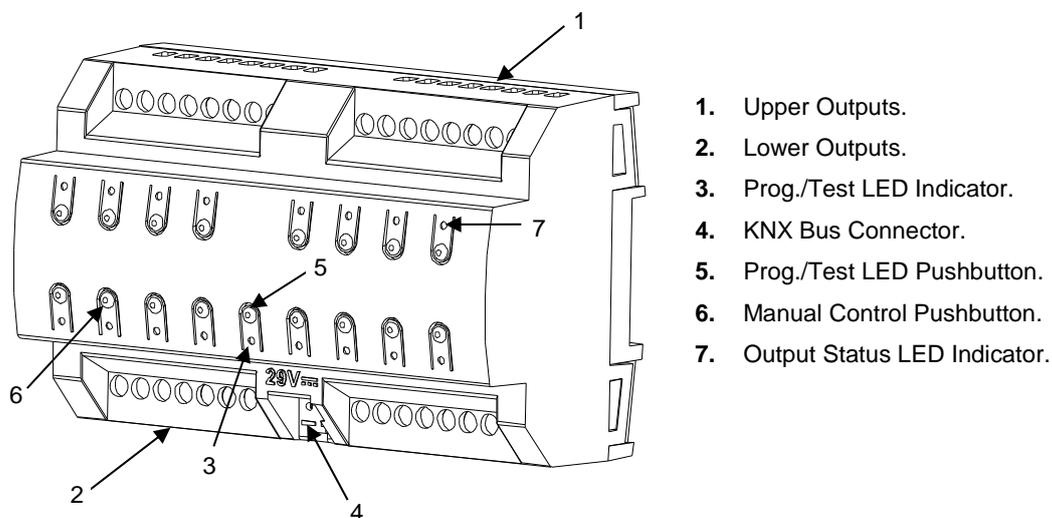


Figure 1. Element Diagram for MAXinBOX 16 Plus

Note: the above element diagram is slightly different for MAXinBOX 8 Plus, although entirely analogous.

The main elements of the device are described next.

- **Prog./Test Pushbutton (5):** a short press on this button sets the device into the programming mode, making the associated LED (x) light in red.

Note: if this button is held while plugging the device into the KNX bus, the device will enter into **safe mode**. In such case, the LED will blink in red every 0.5 seconds.

- **Outputs (1 and 2):** output ports for the insertion of the stripped cables of the systems being controlled by the actuator (see section 2.2). Please secure the connection by means of the on-board screws.

To get detailed information about the technical features of this device, as well as on the installation and security procedures, please refer to the corresponding **Datasheet**, bundled with the original device packaging and also available at www.zennio.com.

1.3 START-UP AND POWER LOSS

During the start-up of the device, the Prog./Test LED will blink in blue colour for a few seconds before the device is ready. External orders will not be executed during this time, but afterwards.

Depending on the configuration, some specific actions will also be performed during the start-up. For example, the integrator can set whether the output channels should switch to a particular state and whether the device should send certain objects to the bus after the power recovery. Please consult the next sections of this document for further details.

On the other hand, when a bus power failure takes place, MAXinBOX 16 / 8 Plus will interrupt any pending actions, and will save its state so it can be recovered once the power supply is restored.

For safety reasons, all **shutter channels** will be stopped (i.e., the relays will open) if a power loss takes place, while the individual outputs and fan coil contacts will switch to the specific state configured in ETS (if any).

2 CONFIGURATION

2.1 GENERAL

After importing the corresponding database in ETS and adding the device into the topology of the desired project, the configuration process begins by entering the Parameters tab of the device.

ETS PARAMETERISATION

The only parameterisable screen available by default is General. From this screen it is possible to activate/deactivate all the required functionality.

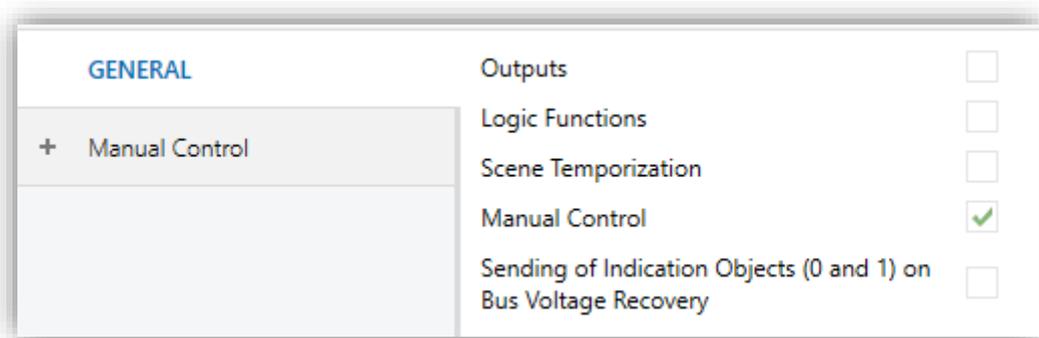


Figure 2. General screen

- **Outputs** [*disabled/enabled*]¹: enables o disables the “Outputs” tab on the left menu. See section 2.2 for more details.
- **Logic Functions** [*disabled/enabled*]: enables o disables the “Logic Functions” tab on the left menu. See section 2.3 for more details.
- **Scene Temporization** [*disabled/enabled*]: enables o disables the “Scene Temporization” tab on the left menu. See 2.4 for more details.
- **Manual Control** [*disabled/enabled*]: enables o disables the “Manual Control” tab on the left menu. See 2.5 for more details.

¹ The default values of each parameter will be highlighted in blue in this document, as follows: [*default/rest of options*].

- **Sending of Indication Objects (0 and 1) on Bus Voltage Recovery** [*disabled/enabled*]: this parameter lets the integrator activate two new communication objects (“Reset 0” and “Reset 1”), which will be sent to the KNX bus with values “0” and “1” respectively whenever the device begins operation (for example, after a bus power failure). It is possible to parameterise a certain **delay** [*0...255*] to this sending.

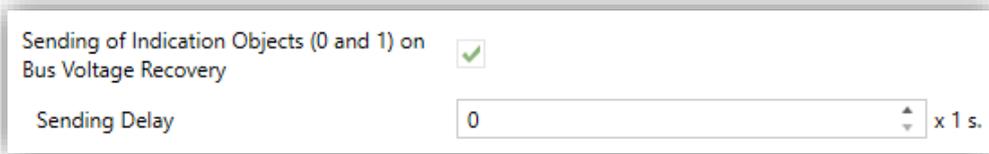


Figure 3. Sending of Indication objects on bus voltage recovery

2.2 OUTPUTS

The MAXinBOX 16 / 8 Plus actuator incorporates **16 / 8 relay outputs**, which can be configured as:

- **Individual binary outputs**, which allows an independent control of loads (it is possible to control up to 16 / 8 different loads, respectively).
- **Shutter channels**, which allow controlling the motion of shutters or blinds (it is possible to control up to 8 / 4 independent shutter channels, respectively).
- **Fan Coil modules**, which allow the control of the fan and the valve of two-pipe fan coil units (it is possible to control up to 4 / 2 independent fancoil blocks, respectively).

For detailed information about the functionality and the configuration of the related parameters, please refer to the following specific manuals, all of them available within the MAXinBOX 16 Plus / MAXinBOX 8 Plus product section at the Zennio website (www.zennio.com):

- **Individual outputs.**
- **Shutter channels.**
- **'Relays' Fan Coil.** Note that these devices only support two-pipe fan coils with On/Off valves. Therefore, any references to four-pipe fan coils and 3-Point valves do not apply to them.

2.3 LOGIC FUNCTIONS

This module makes it possible to perform numeric and binary operations to incoming values received from the KNX bus, and to send the results through other communication objects specifically enabled for this purpose.

Up to 20 different and independent functions can be implemented, each of them entirely customisable and consisting in **up to 4 consecutive operations each one**.

The execution of each function can depend on a configurable **condition**, which will be evaluated every time the function is **triggered** through specific, parameterisable communication objects. The result after executing the operations of the function can also be evaluated according to certain **conditions** and afterwards sent (or not) to the KNX bus, which can be done every time the function is executed, periodically or only when the result differs from the last one.

Please refer to the “**Logic Functions**” user manual, available within the MAXinBOX 16 Plus / MAXinBOX 8 Plus product section at the Zennio homepage, www.zennio.com, for detailed information about the functionality and the configuration of the related parameters.

2.4 SCENE TEMPORISATION

The scene temporisation allows imposing **delays over the scenes of the outputs**. These delays are defined in parameters, and can be applied to the execution of one or more scenes that may have been configured.

Please bear in mind that, as multiple delayed scenes can be configured for each individual output / shutter channel / fan coil module, in case of receiving an order to execute one of them when a previous temporisation is still pending for that output / channel / module, such temporisation will be interrupted and only the delay and the action of the new scene will be executed.

ETS PARAMETERISATION

Prior to setting the **scene temporisation**, it is necessary to have one or more scenes configured in some of the outputs. When entering the Configuration window under Scene Temporization, all configured scenes will be listed, together with a few checkboxes to select which of them need to be temporised, as shown in Figure 4.

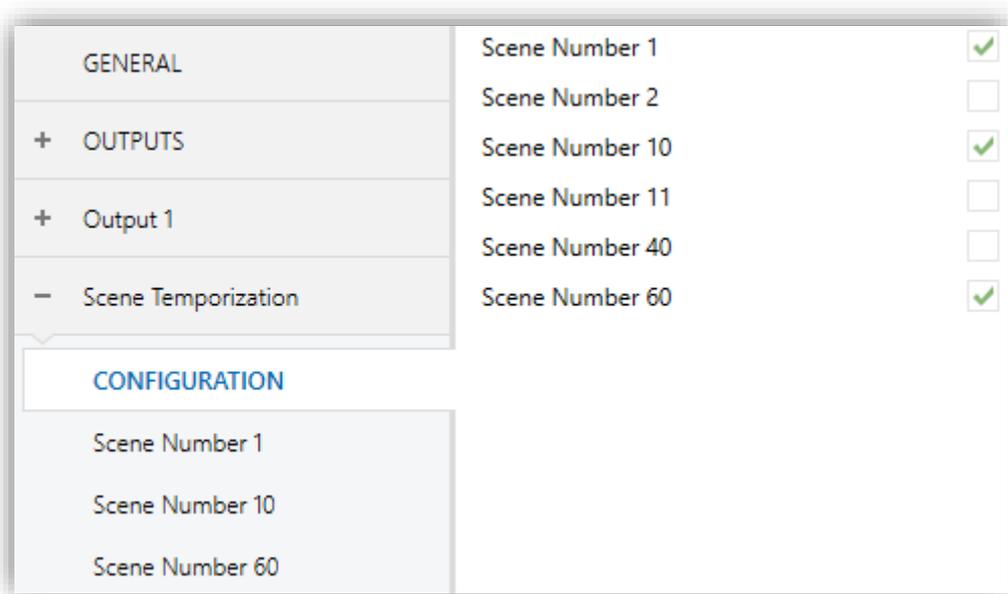


Figure 4. Scene Temporization

Enabling a certain scene number n brings a new tab with such name to the menu on the left, from which it is possible to configure the temporisation of that scene for each of the outputs where it has been configured.

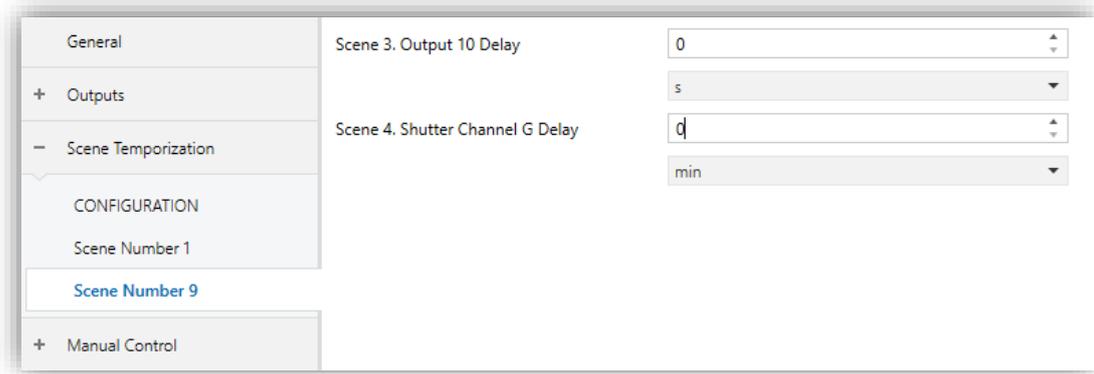


Figure 5. Configuration of Scene Temporization

Therefore, parameter “**Scene m. Z Delay**” [$0...3600$ [s] / $0...1440$ [min] / $0...24$ [h]], defines the delay that will be applied to the action defined in Z for the execution of scene m (where Z may be a specific individual output, shutter channel or fan coil module).

Note: *In the configuration of a scene of an output / shutter channel / fancoil it is possible to parameterize several scenes with the same scene number. This means that several delay parameters associated with the same output appear in the configuration tab of the delays of that scene. With this parameterization, the behavior will be as follows: the action and delay of the first scene parameterized with the same scene number will always prevail, where the highest priority scene is 1 (the first in the scene configuration tab) and the lowest priority is the last.*

2.5 MANUAL CONTROL

MAXinBOX 16 / 8 Plus allows manually switching the state of its output relays through the respective pushbuttons on the top of the device. A specific pushbutton is therefore available per output.

Manual operation can be done in two different ways, named as **Test On mode** (for testing purposes during the configuration of the device) and **Test Off mode** (for a normal use, anytime). Whether both, only one, or none of these modes should be accessible needs to be parameterised in ETS. Moreover, it is possible to enable a specific binary object for locking and unlocking the manual control in runtime.

Notes:

- *The **Test Off mode** will be active (unless it has been disabled by parameter) after a download or a reset with no need of a specific activation – the pushbuttons will respond to user presses from the start.*
- *On the contrary, switching to the **Test On mode** (unless disabled by parameter) needs to be done by long-pressing the Prog/Test button (for at least three seconds), until the LED is no longer red and turns yellow. From that moment, once the button is released, the LED light will remain green to confirm that the device has switched from the Test Off mode to the Test On mode. After that, an additional press will turn the LED yellow and then off, once the button is released. This way, the device leaves the Test On mode. Note that it will also leave this mode if a bus power failure takes place or if a manual control lock is sending from KNX bus.*

Test Off Mode

Under the Test Off Mode, the outputs can be controlled through both their communication objects and the actual pushbuttons located on the top of the device.

When one of these buttons is pressed, the output will behave as if an order had been received through the corresponding communication object, depending on whether the output is configured as either an individual output, as a shutter channel or as a fan coil.

- **Individual output:** a simple press (short or long) will make the output switch its on-off state, which will be reported to the KNX bus through the corresponding status object, if enabled.
- **Shutter Channel:** when the button is pressed, the device will act over the output according to the length of the button press and to the current state.
 - A **long press** makes the shutter start moving (upwards or downwards, depending on the button being pressed). The LED will light in green until the end of the motion. If the button gets pressed being the shutter already at the top or bottom positions, nothing will happen (the LED will not light).
 - A **short press** will make the shutter drive stop (if in motion), as it normally does when a step/stop order is received from the KNX bus. In case of not being the shutter in motion, pressing the button does not cause any action, unless slats/lamellas have been parameterized – in such case, a step movement (up/down, depending on the button pressed) will take place. The status objects will be sent to the bus when corresponding.
- **Fan Coil module:** the behaviour will depend on whether a fan-labelled  or a valve-labelled  button is pressed:
 - **Fan:** for this type of buttons, it must be taken into account that there are two types of control for the fan speed:
 - **Switching control:** a short or long press will switch the relays to set the selected speed, unless it matches the current speed – in such case all the relays will be opened (speed 0). The associated LEDs will indicate the state of the fan speed control relays (on = relay closed; off = relay open).
 - **Accumulation control:** a short or long press switch to the selected speed, closing the relay associated with that speed, and also the relays assigned to the lower speeds, unless it matches the current speed – in such case all the relays will be opened (speed 0). The associated LEDs will indicate the state of the fan speed control relays (on = relay closed; off = relay open).

Note: *the behaviour of the relays will depend on the parameterisation, i.e., on the **number of fan speeds**, and on the **delay** between switches.*

- **Valve:** a short or long press will switch the current status of the relay and therefore of the valve. The LED will show the state of the relay anytime (on = relay closed; off = relay open).
- **Disabled output:** outputs disabled by parameter will not react to button presses under the Test Off mode.

Regarding the lock, timer, alarm and scene functions, the device will behave under the Test Off mode as usual. Button presses during this mode are entirely analogous to the reception of the corresponding orders from the KNX bus.

Test On Mode

After entering the Test On mode, it will only be possible to control the outputs through the on-board pushbuttons. Orders received through communication objects will be ignored, with independence of the channel or the output they are addressed to.

Depending on whether the output has been parameterized as an individual output or as part of a shutter channel, the reactions to the button presses will differ.

- **Individual output:** short or long pressing the button will commute the on-off state of the relay.
- **Shutter channel:** pressing the button will make the shutter drive move upward or downward (depending on the button) until the button is released again, thus ignoring the position of the shutter and the parameterized times. For safety reasons, only one closed relay per shutter channel is allowed.

Note: *after leaving the Test On mode, the status objects will recover the values they had prior to entering Test On. As the device is never aware of the actual position of the shutter (as the shutter drive does not provide any feedback), these values may not show the real position. This can be solved by performing a complete move-up or move-down order, or by calibrating the shutter position in the Test On mode until it matches the status objects.*

- **Fan Coil module:** the behaviour is similar to that of the Test Off mode, although in this case the three fan speeds are supposed available.
- **Disabled output:** short and long presses will switch the state of the corresponding relay. In case this consists in closing the relay, then the remaining relays of its block will open, for safety reasons.

As described previously if the device is in Test On mode, any command sent from the KNX bus to the actuator will not affect the outputs and no status objects will be sent (only periodically timed objects such as logic functions will continue to be sent to the bus) while Test ON mode is active. However, in the case of the "Alarm" and "Block" objects, although in Test ON mode the actions received by each object are not taken into account, the evaluation of their status is carried out when exiting this mode, so that any change in the alarm status or blocking of the outputs while Test ON mode is active is taken into account when exiting this mode and is updated with the last status detected.

Important: *the device is delivered from factory with all the outputs disabled, and with both manual modes (Test Off and Test On) enabled.*

ETS PARAMETERISATION

The **Manual Control** is configured from the Configuration tab itself under Manual Control.

The only two parameters are:

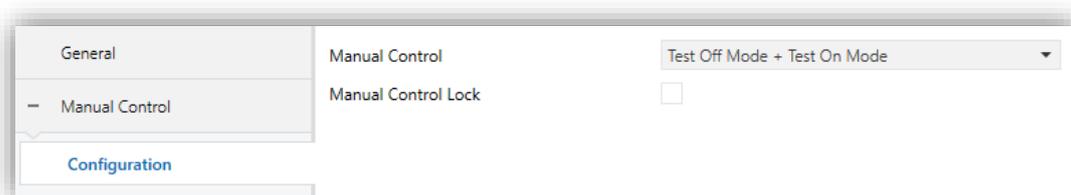


Figure 6. Manual Control

- **Manual Control** [*Disabled / Only Test Off Mode / Only Test On Mode / [Test Off Mode + Test On Mode](#)*]. Depending on the selection, the device will permit using the manual control under the Test Off, the Test On, or both modes. Note that, as stated before, using the Test Off mode does not require any

special action, while switching to the Test On mode does require long-pressing the Prog/Test button.

- **Manual Control Lock** [*enabled/disabled*]: unless the above parameter has been “Disabled”, the Lock Manual Control parameter provides an optional procedure for locking the manual control in runtime. When this checkbox is enabled, object “**Manual Control Lock**” turns visible, as well as two more parameters:
 - **Value** [*0 = Lock; 1 = Unlock / 0 = Unlock; 1 = Lock*]: defines whether the manual control lock/unlock should take place respectively upon the reception (through the aforementioned object) of values “0” and “1”, or the opposite.
 - **Initialization** [*Unlocked / Locked / Last Value*]: sets how the lock state of the manual control should remain after the device start-up (after an ETS download or a bus power failure). “Last Value” (default; on the very first start-up, this will be Unlocked).

ANNEX I. COMMUNICATION OBJECTS OF MAXINBOX 16 PLUS

- “Functional range” shows the values that, with independence of any other values permitted by the bus according to the object size, may be of any use or have a particular meaning because of the specifications or restrictions from both the KNX standard or the application programme itself.

Number	Size	I/O	Flags	Data type (DPT)	Functional Range	Name	Function
1	1 Bit		C - - T -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	Reset 0	Voltage Recovery -> Sending of 0
2	1 Bit		C - - T -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	Reset 1	Voltage Recovery -> Sending of 1
3	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Switch	0/1	Lock Manual Control	0 = Lock; 1 = Unlock
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Switch	0/1	Lock Manual Control	0 = Unlock; 1 = Lock
4	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_SceneControl	0-63; 128-191	[Shutter] Scenes	0 - 63 (Execute 1 - 64); 128 - 191 (Save 1 - 64)
5, 34, 63, 92, 121, 150, 179, 208	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_UpDown	0/1	[Cx] Move	0 = Raise; 1 = Lower
6, 35, 64, 93, 122, 151, 180, 209	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Step	0/1	[Cx] Stop/Step	0 = Stop/StepUp; 1 = Stop/StepDown
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Stop	0 = Stop; 1 = Stop
7, 36, 65, 94, 123, 152, 181, 210	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Switched Control	0, 1 = Up, Down or Stop, Depending on the Last Move
8, 37, 66, 95, 124, 153, 182, 211	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Enable	0/1	[Cx] Lock	0 = Unlock; 1 = Lock
9, 38, 67, 96, 125, 154, 183, 212	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Shutter Positioning	0% = Top; 100% = Bottom
10, 39, 68, 97, 126, 155, 184, 213	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Shutter Position (Status)	0% = Top; 100% = Bottom
11, 40, 69, 98, 127, 156, 185, 214	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Slats Positioning	0% = Open; 100% = Closed
12, 41, 70, 99, 128, 157, 186, 215	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Slats Position (Status)	0% = Open; 100% = Closed
13, 42, 71, 100, 129, 158, 187, 216	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Rising Relay (Status)	0 = Open; 1 = Closed
14, 43, 72, 101, 130, 159, 188, 217	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Lowering Relay (Status)	0 = Open; 1 = Closed
15, 44, 73, 102, 131,	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Movement (Status)	0 = Stopped; 1 = Moving

160, 189, 218							
16, 45, 74, 103, 132, 161, 190, 219	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_UpDown	0/1	[Cx] Movement Direction (Status)	0 = Upward; 1 = Downward
17, 46, 75, 104, 133, 162, 191, 220	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Auto: On/Off	0 = On; 1 = Off
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Auto: On/Off	0 = Off; 1 = On
18, 47, 76, 105, 134, 163, 192, 221	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Auto: On/Off (Status)	0 = On; 1 = Off
	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Auto: On/Off (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
19, 48, 77, 106, 135, 164, 193, 222	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_UpDown	0/1	[Cx] Auto: Move	0 = Raise; 1 = Lower
20, 49, 78, 107, 136, 165, 194, 223	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Step	0/1	[Cx] Auto: Stop/Step	0 = Stop/StepUp; 1 = Stop/StepDown
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Auto: Stop	0 = Stop; 1 = Stop
21, 50, 79, 108, 137, 166, 195, 224	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Auto: Shutter Positioning	0% = Top; 100% = Bottom
22, 51, 80, 109, 138, 167, 196, 225	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Auto: Slats Positioning	0% = Open; 100% = Closed
23, 52, 81, 110, 139, 168, 197, 226	1 Bit	I	C - W T U	DPT_Scene_AB	0/1	[Cx] Sunshine/Shadow	0 = Sunshine; 1 = Shadow
	1 Bit	I	C - W T U	DPT_Scene_AB	0/1	[Cx] Sunshine/Shadow	0 = Shadow; 1 = Sunshine
24, 53, 82, 111, 140, 169, 198, 227	1 Bit	I	C - W T U	DPT_Heat_Cool	0/1	[Cx] Cooling/Heating	0 = Heating; 1 = Cooling
	1 Bit	I	C - W T U	DPT_Heat_Cool	0/1	[Cx] Cooling/Heating	0 = Cooling; 1 = Heating
25, 54, 83, 112, 141, 170, 199, 228	1 Bit	I	C - W T U	DPT_Occupancy	0/1	[Cx] Presence/No Presence	0 = Presence; 1 = No Presence
	1 Bit	I	C - W T U	DPT_Occupancy	0/1	[Cx] Presence/No Presence	0 = No Presence; 1 = Presence
26, 27, 55, 56, 84, 85, 113, 114, 142, 143, 171, 172, 200, 201, 229, 230	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Cx] Alarm x	0 = No Alarm; 1 = Alarm
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Cx] Alarm x	0 = Alarm; 1 = No Alarm
28, 57, 86, 115, 144, 173, 202, 231	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Ack	0/1	[Cx] Unfreeze Alarm	Alarm1 = Alarm2 = No Alarm + Unfreeze (1) => End Alarm
29, 58, 87, 116, 145, 174, 203, 232	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scene_AB	0/1	[Cx] Move (Reversed)	0 = Lower; 1 = Raise
30, 59, 88, 117, 146, 175, 204, 233	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Ack	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning 1	0 = No Action; 1 = Go to Position
31, 60, 89, 118, 147, 176, 205, 234	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Ack	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning 2	0 = No Action; 1 = Go to Position
32, 61, 90, 119, 148, 177, 206, 235	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Ack	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning 1 (Save)	0 = No Action; 1 = Save Current Position
33, 62, 91, 120, 149, 178, 207, 236	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Ack	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning 2 (Save)	0 = No Action; 1 = Save Current Position
237	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_SceneControl	0-63; 128-191	[Outputs] Scenes	0 - 63 (Execute 1 - 64); 128 - 191 (Save 1 - 64)

238, 246, 254, 262, 270, 278, 286, 294, 302, 310, 318, 326, 334, 342, 350, 358	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_BinaryValue	0/1	[Ox] On/Off	N.O. (0=Open Relay; 1=Close Relay)
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_BinaryValue	0/1	[Ox] On/Off	N.C. (0=Close Relay; 1= Open Relay)
239, 247, 255, 263, 271, 279, 287, 295, 303, 311, 319, 327, 335, 343, 351, 359	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_BinaryValue	0/1	[Ox] On/Off (Status)	0=Output Off; 1=Output On
240, 248, 256, 264, 272, 280, 288, 296, 304, 312, 320, 328, 336, 344, 352, 360	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Enable	0/1	[Ox] Lock	0=Unlock; 1=Lock
241, 249, 257, 265, 273, 281, 289, 297, 305, 313, 321, 329, 337, 345, 353, 361	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Start	0/1	[Ox] Timer	0=Switch Off; 1=Switch On
242, 250, 258, 266, 274, 282, 290, 298, 306, 314, 322, 330, 338, 346, 354, 362	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Start	0/1	[Ox] Flashing	0=Stop; 1=Start
243, 251, 259, 267, 275, 283, 291, 299, 307, 315, 323, 331, 339, 347, 355, 363	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Ox] Alarm	0=Normal; 1=Alarm
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Ox] Alarm	0=Alarm; 1=Normal
244, 252, 260, 268, 276, 284, 292, 300, 308, 316, 324, 332, 340, 348, 356, 364	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Ox] Unfreeze Alarm	Alarm=0 + Unfreeze=1 => End Alarm
245, 253, 261, 269, 277, 285, 293, 301, 309, 317, 325, 333, 341, 349, 357, 365	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Ox] Warning Time (Status)	0=Normal; 1=Warning
366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Bool	0/1	[LF] (1 bit) Data Entry x	Binary Data Entry (0/1)
398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409,	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[LF] (1 byte) Data Entry x	1 byte Data Entry (0-255)

410, 411, 412, 413							
414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429	2 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	0 - 65535	[LF] (2 bytes) Data Entry x	2 bytes Data Entry
				DPT_Value_2_Count	-32768 - 32767		
				DPT_Value_Tempo	-273, 00 - 670760, 00		
430	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 1	4 bytes Data Entry
431	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 2	4 bytes Data Entry
432	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 3	4 bytes Data Entry
433	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 4	4 bytes Data Entry
434	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 5	4 bytes Data Entry
435	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 6	4 bytes Data Entry
436	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 7	4 bytes Data Entry
437	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 8	4 bytes Data Entry
438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Bool	0/1	[LF] Function x - Result	(1 bit) Boolean
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[LF] Function x - Result	(1 byte) Unsigned
	2 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	0 - 65535	[LF] Function x - Result	(2 bytes) Unsigned
	4 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] Function x - Result	(4 bytes) Signed
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[LF] Function x - Result	(1 byte) Percentage
	2 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_2_Count	-32768 - 32767	[LF] Function x - Result	(2 bytes) Signed
	2 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_Temp	-273.00° - 670433.28°	[LF] Function x - Result	(2 bytes) Float
458	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_SceneControl	0-63; 128-191	[Fan Coil] Scenes	0 - 63 (Execute 1 - 64); 128 - 191 (Save 1 - 64)
459, 490, 521, 552	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] On/Off	0 = Off; 1 = On
460, 491, 522, 553	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] On/Off (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
461, 492, 523, 554	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Heat_Cool	0/1	[FCx] Mode	0 = Cool; 1 = Heat
462, 493, 524, 555	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Heat_Cool	0/1	[FCx] Mode (Status)	0 = Cool; 1 = Heat
463, 494, 525, 556	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic	0 = Automatic; 1 = Manual
	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic	0 = Manual; 1 = Automatic
464, 495, 526, 557	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic (Status)	0 = Automatic; 1 = Manual
	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic (Status)	0 = Manual; 1 = Automatic
465, 496, 527, 558	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Step	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Step Control	0 = Down; 1 = Up
466, 497, 528, 559	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 0	0 = Off; 1 = On
467, 498, 529, 560	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 1	0 = Off; 1 = On
468, 499, 530, 561	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 2	0 = Off; 1 = On
469, 500, 531, 562	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 3	0 = Off; 1 = On
470, 501, 532, 563	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 0 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On

471, 502, 533, 564	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 1 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
472, 503, 534, 565	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 2 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
473, 504, 535, 566	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 3 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
474, 505, 536, 567	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Manual Fan: Enumeration Control	S0 = 0; S1 = 1; S2 = 2; S3 = 3
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Manual Fan: Enumeration Control	0 = S0; 1 = S1; 2 = S2
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Manual Fan: Enumeration Control	0 = S0; 1 = S1
475, 506, 537, 568	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Fan: Speed Enumeration (Status)	S0 = 0; S1 = 1; S2 = 2; S3 = 3
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Fan: Speed Enumeration (Status)	S0 = 0; S1 = 1; S2 = 2
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Fan: Speed Enumeration (Status)	S0 = 0; S1 = 1
476, 507, 538, 569	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Manual Fan: Percentage Control	S0 = 0%; S1 = 0,4-33,3%; S2 = 33,7-66,7%; S3 = 67,1-100%
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Manual Fan: Percentage Control	0% = S0; 1-50% = S1; 51-100% = S2
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Manual Fan: Percentage Control	0% = S0; 1-100% = S1
477, 508, 539, 570	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Fan: Speed Percentage (Status)	S0 = 0%; S1 = 33,3%; S2 = 66,6%; S3 = 100%
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Fan: Speed Percentage (Status)	S0 = 0%; S1 = 50,2%; S2 = 100%
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Fan: Speed Percentage (Status)	S0 = 0%; S1 = 100%
478, 509, 540, 571	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Cooling Fan: Continuous Control	0 - 100 %
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Cooling Valve: PI Control (Continuous)	0 - 100 %
479, 510, 541, 572	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Heating Fan: Continuous Control	0 - 100 %
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Heating Valve: PI Control (Continuous)	0 - 100 %
480, 511, 542, 573	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_OpenClose	0/1	[FCx] Cooling Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Open Valve; 1 = Close Valve
	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Cooling Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Close Valve; 1 = Open Valve
481, 512, 543, 574	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_OpenClose	0/1	[FCx] Heating Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Open Valve; 1 = Close Valve

	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Heating Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Close Valve; 1 = Open Valve
482, 513, 544, 575	1 Bit	O	CR - T -	DPT_OpenClose	0/1	[FCx] Valve (Status)	0 = Open; 1 = Closed
	1 Bit	O	CR - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Valve (Status)	0 = Closed; 1 = Open
484, 515, 546, 577	1 Bit	O	CR - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Valve: Anti-Seize Protection (Status)	0 = Not Active; 1 = Active
486, 517, 548, 579	1 Bit	O	CR - T -	DPT_Bool	0/1	[FCx] Control Value - Error	0 = No Error; 1 = Error
487, 518, 549, 580	2 Bytes	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_Temp	-273.00° - 670433.28°	[FCx] Ambient Temperature	Ambient Temperature
488, 519, 550, 581	2 Bytes	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_Temp	-273.00° - 670433.28°	[FCx] Setpoint Temperature	Setpoint Temperature
489, 520, 551, 582	2 Bytes	I/O	CRWTU	DPT_TimePeriodMin	0 - 65535	[FCx] Duration of Manual Control	0 = Endless; 1 - 1440 min
	2 Bytes	I/O	CRWTU	DPT_TimePeriodHrs	0 - 65535	[FCx] Duration of Manual Control	0 = Endless; 1 - 24 h

ANNEX II. COMMUNICATION OBJECTS OF MAXINBOX 8 PLUS

- “Functional range” shows the values that, with independence of any other values permitted by the bus according to the object size, may be of any use or have a particular meaning because of the specifications or restrictions from both the KNX standard or the application programme itself.

Number	Size	I/O	Flags	Data type (DPT)	Functional Range	Name	Function
1	1 Bit		C - - T -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	Reset 0	Voltage Recovery -> Sending of 0
2	1 Bit		C - - T -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	Reset 1	Voltage Recovery -> Sending of 1
3	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Switch	0/1	Lock Manual Control	0 = Lock; 1 = Unlock
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Switch	0/1	Lock Manual Control	0 = Unlock; 1 = Lock
4	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_SceneControl	0-63; 128-191	[Shutter] Scenes	0 - 63 (Execute 1 - 64); 128 - 191 (Save 1 - 64)
5, 22, 39, 56	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_UpDown	0/1	[Cx] Move	0=Raise; 1=Lower
6, 23, 40, 57	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Step	0/1	[Cx] Stop/Step	0=Stop/StepUp; 1=Stop/StepDown
6, 40, 57	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Stop	0=Stop; 1=Stop
7, 24, 41, 58	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Enable	0/1	[Cx] Lock	0=Unlock; 1=Lock
8, 25, 42, 59	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Rising Relay (Status)	0=Opened; 1=Closed
9, 26, 43, 60	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[Cx] Lowering Relay (Status)	0=Opened; 1=Closed
10, 44, 61	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Shutter Position (Status)	0%=Top; 100%=Bottom
11, 28, 45, 62	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Slats Position (Status)	0%=Open; 100%=Closed
12, 29, 46, 63	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Shutter Positioning	0%=Top; 100%=Bottom
13, 30, 47, 64	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Slats Positioning	0%=Open; 100%=Closed
14, 31, 48, 65	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Cx] Alarm	0=No Alarm; 1=Alarm
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Cx] Alarm	0=Alarm; 1=No Alarm
15, 32, 49, 66	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Cx] Alarm x	0=No Alarm; 1=Alarm
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Cx] Alarm x	0=Alarm; 1=No Alarm
16, 33, 50, 67	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Unfreeze Alarm	Alarm=0 + Unfreeze=1 => End Alarm
17, 34, 51, 68	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Scene_AB	0/1	[Cx] Move (Reversed)	0=Lower; 1=Raise
18, 35, 52, 69	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning	0=No Action; 1=Go to Position
19, 36, 53, 70	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning 2	0=No Action; 1=Go to Position

20, 37, 54, 71	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning (Save)	0=No Action; 1=Save Current Position
21, 38, 55, 72	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Direct Positioning 2 (Save)	0=No Action; 1=Save Current Position
23	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Cx] Stop	0=Stop; 1=Stop
27	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[Cx] Shutter Position (Status)	0%=Top; 100%=Bottom
73	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_SceneControl	0-63; 128-191	[Outputs] Scenes	0 - 63 (Execute 1 - 64); 128 - 191 (Save 1 - 64)
74, 82, 90, 98, 106, 114, 122, 130	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_BinaryValue	0/1	[Ox] On/Off	N.O. (0=Open Relay; 1=Close Relay)
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_BinaryValue	0/1	[Ox] On/Off	N.C. (0=Close Relay; 1= Open Relay)
75, 83, 91, 99, 107, 115, 123, 131	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_BinaryValue	0/1	[Ox] On/Off (Status)	0=Output Off; 1=Output On
76, 84, 92, 100, 108, 116, 124, 132	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Enable	0/1	[Ox] Lock	0=Unlock; 1=Lock
77, 85, 93, 101, 109, 117, 125, 133	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Start	0/1	[Ox] Timer	0=Switch Off; 1=Switch On
78, 86, 94, 102, 110, 118, 126, 134	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Start	0/1	[Ox] Flashing	0=Stop; 1=Start
79, 87, 95, 103, 111, 119, 127, 135	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Ox] Alarm	0=Normal; 1=Alarm
	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Alarm	0/1	[Ox] Alarm	0=Alarm; 1=Normal
80, 88, 96, 104, 112, 120, 128, 136	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Ox] Unfreeze Alarm	Alarm=0 + Unfreeze=1 => End Alarm
81, 89, 97, 105, 113, 121, 129, 137	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Trigger	0/1	[Ox] Warning Time (Status)	0=Normal; 1=Warning
138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169	1 Bit	I	C - W - -	DPT_Bool	0/1	[LF] (1 bit) Data Entry x	Binary Data Entry (0/1)
170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185	1 Byte	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[LF] (1 byte) Data Entry x	1 byte Data Entry (0-255)
186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201	2 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	0 - 65535	[LF] (2 bytes) Data Entry x	2 bytes Data Entry
				DPT_Value_2_Count	-32768 - 32767		
				DPT_Value_Tempo	-273, 00 - 670760, 00		

202	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 1	4 bytes Data Entry
203	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 2	4 bytes Data Entry
204	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 3	4 bytes Data Entry
205	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 4	4 bytes Data Entry
206	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 5	4 bytes Data Entry
207	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 6	4 bytes Data Entry
208	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 7	4 bytes Data Entry
209	4 Bytes	I	C - W - -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] (4 bytes) DataEntry 8	4 bytes Data Entry
210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Bool	0/1	[LF] Function x - Result	(1 bit) Boolean
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[LF] Function x - Result	(1 byte) Unsigned
	2 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	0 - 65535	[LF] Function x - Result	(2 bytes) Unsigned
	4 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_4_Count	-2147483648 - 2147483647	[LF] Function x - Result	(4 bytes) Signed
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[LF] Function x - Result	(1 byte) Percentage
	2 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_2_Count	-32768 - 32767	[LF] Function x - Result	(2 bytes) Signed
	2 Bytes	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_Temp	-273.00° - 670433.28°	[LF] Function x - Result	(2 bytes) Float
230	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_SceneControl	0-63; 128-191	[Fan Coil] Scenes	0 - 63 (Execute 1 - 64); 128 - 191 (Save 1 - 64)
231, 262	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] On/Off	0 = Off; 1 = On
232, 263	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] On/Off (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
233, 264	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Heat_Cool	0/1	[FCx] Mode	0 = Cool; 1 = Heat
234, 265	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Heat_Cool	0/1	[FCx] Mode (Status)	0 = Cool; 1 = Heat
235, 266	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic	0 = Automatic; 1 = Manual
	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic	0 = Manual; 1 = Automatic
236, 267	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic (Status)	0 = Automatic; 1 = Manual
	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Manual/Automatic (Status)	0 = Manual; 1 = Automatic
237, 268	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Step	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Step Control	0 = Down; 1 = Up
238, 269	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 0	0 = Off; 1 = On
239, 270	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 1	0 = Off; 1 = On
240, 271	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 2	0 = Off; 1 = On
241, 272	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Manual Fan: Speed 3	0 = Off; 1 = On
242, 273	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 0 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
243, 274	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 1 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
244, 275	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 2 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
245, 276	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Fan: Speed 3 (Status)	0 = Off; 1 = On
246, 277	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Manual Fan: Enumeration Control	S0 = 0; S1 = 1; S2 = 2; S3 = 3

	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Manual Fan: Enumeration Control	0 = S0; 1 = S1; 2 = S2
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Manual Fan: Enumeration Control	0 = S0; 1 = S1
247, 278	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Fan: Speed Enumeration (Status)	S0 = 0; S1 = 1; S2 = 2; S3 = 3
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Fan: Speed Enumeration (Status)	S0 = 0; S1 = 1; S2 = 2
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Value_1_Ucount	0 - 255	[FCx] Fan: Speed Enumeration (Status)	S0 = 0; S1 = 1
248, 279	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Manual Fan: Percentage Control	S0 = 0%; S1 = 0,4-33,3%; S2 = 33,7-66,7%; S3 = 67,1-100%
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Manual Fan: Percentage Control	0% = S0; 1-50% = S1; 51-100% = S2
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Manual Fan: Percentage Control	0% = S0; 1-100% = S1
249, 280	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Fan: Speed Percentage (Status)	S0 = 0%; S1 = 33,3%; S2 = 66,6%; S3 = 100%
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Fan: Speed Percentage (Status)	S0 = 0%; S1 = 50,2%; S2 = 100%
	1 Byte	O	C R - T -	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Fan: Speed Percentage (Status)	S0 = 0%; S1 = 100%
250, 281	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Cooling Fan: Continuous Control	0 - 100 %
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Cooling Valve: PI Control (Continuous)	0 - 100 %
251, 282	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Heating Fan: Continuous Control	0 - 100 %
	1 Byte	I	C - W - U	DPT_Scaling	0% - 100%	[FCx] Heating Valve: PI Control (Continuous)	0 - 100 %
252, 283	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_OpenClose	0/1	[FCx] Cooling Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Open Valve; 1 = Close Valve
	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Cooling Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Close Valve; 1 = Open Valve
253, 284	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_OpenClose	0/1	[FCx] Heating Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Open Valve; 1 = Close Valve
	1 Bit	I	C - W - U	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Heating Valve: Control Variable (1 bit)	0 = Close Valve; 1 = Open Valve
254, 285	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_OpenClose	0/1	[FCx] Valve (Status)	0 = Open; 1 = Closed
	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Valve (Status)	0 = Closed; 1 = Open
256, 287	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Switch	0/1	[FCx] Valve: Anti-Seize Protection	0 = Not Active; 1 = Active

						(Status)	
258, 289	1 Bit	O	C R - T -	DPT_Bool	0/1	[FCx] Control Value - Error	0 = No Error; 1 = Error
259, 290	2 Bytes	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_Temp	-273.00° - 670433.28°	[FCx] Ambient Temperature	Ambient Temperature
260, 291	2 Bytes	I	C - W - U	DPT_Value_Temp	-273.00° - 670433.28°	[FCx] Setpoint Temperature	Setpoint Temperature
261, 292	2 Bytes	I/O	C R W T U	DPT_TimePeriodMin	0 - 65535	[FCx] Duration of Manual Control	0 = Endless; 1 - 1440 min
	2 Bytes	I/O	C R W T U	DPT_TimePeriodHrs	0 - 65535	[FCx] Duration of Manual Control	0 = Endless; 1 - 24 h

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