

KNX AQS/TH-UP Touch CH Combined Indoor Sensor



Technical specifications and installation instructions

Item numbers 70639 (white), 70643 (black)



1. Description

The **Sensor KNX AQS/TH-UP Touch CH** measures CO₂ concentration, temperature and humidity and calculates the dew point. The sensor can receive external measured values via the bus and process them with the own data to overall values (mixed values, e. g. room average). The **KNX AQS/TH-UP Touch CH** offers two push buttons that may be used for changing the ambient temperature (target value), for switching between operating modes or as free programmable bus push buttons.

The **KNX AQS/TH-UP Touch CH** provides switching outputs with adjustable threshold values. The switching outputs and further communication objects can be linked by AND and OR logic gates. Additionally, an integrated actuating variable comparator can compare and output values that are received via communication objects.

Integrated PI controllers allows for control of a ventilation (depending on CO₂ concentration and air humidity) and a heating/cooling system (depending on temperature). The **KNX AQS/TH-UP Touch CH** can emit a warning to the bus as soon as the area of optimum comfort (according to DIN 1946) is left.

The integrated display shows the own values and data received from the bus (e.g. date, time). The device is completed with a frame of the switching series installed in the building and thus merges with the interior.

Functions:

- Measurement of **CO₂ concentration** of the air, of **temperature** and **air humidity** (absolute and relative), calculation of the dew point
- **Mixed values** from own measured values and external values (proportions can be set in percentage)
- **Display** 1-3 rows (own values or values received from the bus) or display of temperature control (see *Mode display and manual temperature controller*)
- **2 push buttons**. Configuration as bus push button or for changing ambient temperature and switching between operating modes (see *Change ambient temperature with the buttons*)
- **PI controller for heating** (one or two step) and **cooling** (one or two step) depending on temperature. Control according to separate target values or basic target temperature
- **PI controller for ventilation** depending on humidity and CO₂ concentration: dehumidification/humidification (one step) or dehumidification (one or two step)
- **Threshold values** can be adjusted per parameter or via communication objects: 3 × temperature, 2 × humidity, 4 × CO₂
- **4 AND and 4 OR logic gates** with each 4 inputs. Every switching incident as well as 16 logic inputs in the form of communication objects, may be used as inputs for the logic gates. The output of each gate may optionally be configured as 1 bit or 2 × 8 bits
- **2 actuating variable comparators** for output of minimum, maximum or average values. Each with 5 inputs (for values received via communication objects)

Configuration is made using the KNX software as of ETS 5. The **product file** can be downloaded from the ETS online catalogue and the Elsner Elektronik website on www.elsner-elektronik.de in the "Service" menu. There you will also find the product manual.

1.0.1. Scope of delivery

- Housing with display
- Mounting adapter with screws

You will need *in addition* (not supplied):

- Inlet box
- Cover frame (for insert 60 x 60 mm) and mounting plate (77 mm) for swiss installation standard

1.1. Technical specifications

Housing	Real glass, plastic
Colours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • similar to RAL 9010 pure white • similar to RAL 9005 jet black
Mounting	Installation in inlet box
Degree of protection	IP 20
Dimensions	Housing approx. 60 x 60 (W x H, mm), mounting depth approx. 8 mm

Total weight	approx. 70 g
Ambient temperature	Operation 0...+50°C, storage -10...+60°C
Ambient air humidity	5...95% RH, avoid bedewing
Operating voltage	KNX bus voltage
Bus current	max. 20 mA
Data output	KNX +/- bus terminal plug
Group addresses	max. 254
Allocations	max. 254
Communication objects	224
CO ₂ measurement range	400...9000 ppm
Temperature measurement range	0...+50°C
Humidity measurement range	0% RH ...95% RH

The product conforms with the provisions of EU guidelines.

1.1.1. Accuracy of the measurement

Measurement variations from permanent sources of interference (see chapter *Installation position*) can be corrected in the ETS in order to ensure the specified accuracy of the sensor (offset).

To ensure a correct **CO₂ measurement**, the device must be installed in a windproof socket. After applying the operating voltage, it can take up to 15 minutes until the **CO₂ measured value** is output correctly.

When **measuring temperature**, the self-heating of the device is considered by the electronics. The heating is compensated by the software.

2. Installation and commissioning



Installation, testing, operational start-up and troubleshooting should only be performed by an authorised electrician.



CAUTION! Live voltage!

There are unprotected live components inside the device.

- Inspect the device for damage before installation. Only put undamaged devices into operation.
- Comply with the locally applicable directives, regulations and provisions for electrical installation.
- Immediately take the device or system out of service and secure it against unintentional switch-on if risk-free operation is no longer guaranteed.

Use the device exclusively for building automation and observe the operating instructions. Improper use, modifications to the device or failure to observe the operating instructions will invalidate any warranty or guarantee claims.

Operate the device only as a fixed-site installation, i.e. only in assembled condition and after conclusion of all installation and operational start-up tasks, and only in the surroundings designated for it.

Elsner Elektronik is not liable for any changes in norms and standards which may occur after publication of these operating instructions.

2.1. Installation position

The **Sensor KNX AQS/TH-UP Touch CH** is made for wall mounting in an inlet box. The device is supplemented with a frame of the 60 mm swiss installation standard.



May be installed and operated in dry interior rooms only.
Avoid condensation.

When selecting an installation location, please ensure that the measurement results are affected as little as possible by external influences. Possible sources of interference include:

- Direct sunlight
- Drafts from windows and doors
- Draft from ducts which lead from other rooms or from the outside to the junction box in which the sensor is mounted
- Warming or cooling of the building structure on which the sensor is mounted, e.g. due to sunlight, heating or cold water pipes
- Connection lines and ducts which lead from warmer or colder areas to the sensor

Measurement variations from permanent sources of interference can be corrected in the ETS in order to ensure the specified accuracy of the sensor (offset).

To ensure a correct CO₂ measurement, the device must be installed in a windproof socket.

2.2. Composition

2.2.1. Housing

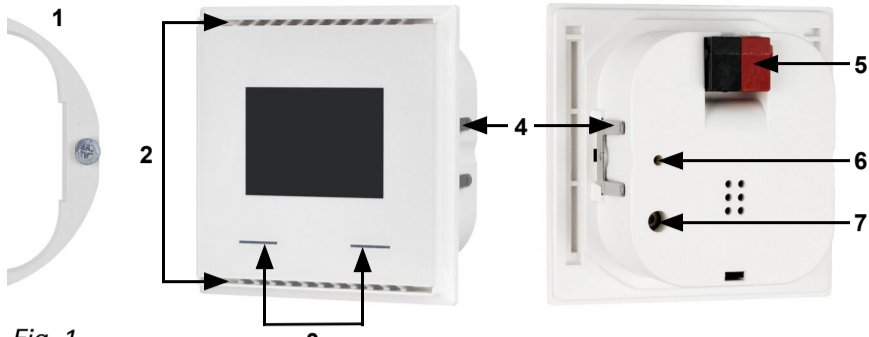


Fig. 1
1 Mounting adapter with screws
2 Openings for air circulation
3 Touch-keys
4 Catches
5 KNX-terminal BUS +/-
6 Programming-LED (recessed)
7 Programming-Button (recessed) for teaching device

2.3. Assembly of the sensor

First of all fit the windproof inlet box with connection. Also seal inlet pipes to avoid infiltration.

Turn the screws little way into the mounting adapter.

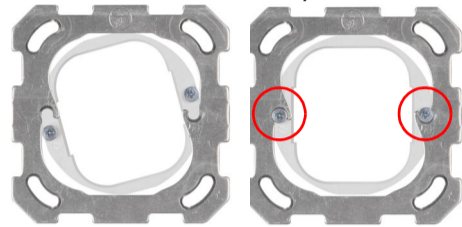


Fig. 2
Hook the mounting adapter into the mounting plate of the switch system and tighten the screws.



Fig. 3
Screw the mounting plate onto the inlet box

Position the frame of the switching programme. Connect the bus line +/- to the black-red plug.

Pin the housing with the notches on to the mounting adapter, so that device and frame are fixed.

3. Commissioning

Never expose the device to water (e.g. rain) or dust. This can damage the electronics. You must not exceed a relative humidity of 95%. Avoid condensation.

After the bus voltage has been applied, the device will enter an initialisation phase lasting a few seconds. During this phase no information can be received or sent via the bus.

4. Addressing of the device at the bus

The device is supplied with the bus address 15.15.255. You can program another address into the ETS by overwriting the 15.15.255 address or by teaching via the programming button.

5. Display and operation at the device

Detailed specifications for the display and the use of the push buttons are set in the ETS.

Basically the display can show a two-row or three-row text (e. g. for measured values) or a temperature controller. You can switch between the two types by pressing one of the buttons, if this has not been disabled in the ETS.

5.1. Mode display and manual temperature controller

Depending on the ETS setting selected, the mode display will only display show the current target value, or the base target value setting with scale display. The manually adjustable range can be set in the ETS.

The following display options are available:

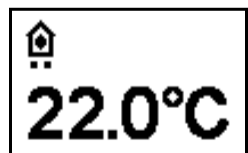


Fig. 4
Mode display with current target value and/or base target value

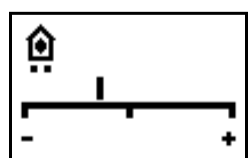


Fig. 5
Mode display with scale display for adjusting the base target value.
The control position in the image reads "Base target value reduced".

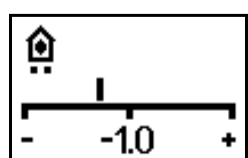


Fig. 6
Mode display with scale display and number.
Shows the set target value change.
The control position in the image reads "Base target value reduced to 1.0°".

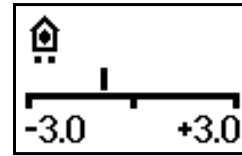


Fig. 7
Mode display with scale display and range.
Shows the possible adjustment range (as set in the ETS).
The control position in the image reads "Base target value reduced".

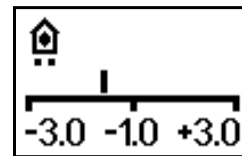


Fig. 8
Mode display with scale display, range and number.
Displays the possible adjustment range (as set in the ETS) and the set target value change.
The control position in the image reads "Base target value reduced to 1.0°".

Symbols

	Comfort mode. Comfort (present) target temperature will be used.		Standby mode. Standby (absent during day) target temperature will be used.
	Eco mode. Night target temperature will be used.		Building protection mode. Building protection target temperature will be used. The symbol will blink when the mode has been activated but the activation delay has not yet expired.
	Heating mode. Heating will be provided.		Cooling mode Cooling will be provided.

Priority (points)

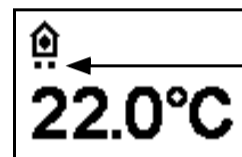


Fig. 9
In "HVAC mode with 2x 8 bits" control mode, points are shown under the symbol, to indicate the running priority of the current mode.

One point: Priority 1/priority control. It is not possible to adjust the temperature automation system manually. Neither the target temperature nor the operating modes can be changed using the buttons on the unit.

Two points: Priority 2. The target temperature and operating mode can be changed using the buttons.

5.2. Change ambient temperature with the buttons

If the mode display is active, the target ambient temperature and the operating mode can be changed manually using the buttons. The button functions can be blocked in the ETS or be suppressed for Priority 1 operating modes. The individual operating modes can also be locked for manual selection in the ETS.

Decrease target temperature (-)	briefly press left button	Ambient temperature in the current mode is decreased. The sep-size is defined in the ETS (0.1°C to 5°C).
Increase target temperature (+)	briefly press right button	Ambient temperature in the current mode is increased. The sep-size is defined in the ETS (0.1°C to 5°C).
Change mode	press left or right button longer than 2 secs.	Changes between the operating modes Comfort, Standby, Eco and Building Protection (if deblocked in the ETS).
Extend Comfort mode	in Eco mode: press both buttons at the same time longer than 2 secs.	Switches from Eco to Comfort mode again for a certain time (e. g. if the rooms are used longer in the evening). The period is defined in the ETS (up to 10 hours). The time remaining in Comfort mode is displayed.

6. Disposal

After use, the device must be disposed of in accordance with the legal regulations. Do not dispose of it with the household waste!